

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 23.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 9, 1902.

NO 31

NEW OFFICIALS

Took Charge Monday of the County Government.

Monday morning the county officials elected in November took the oath of office and assumed their respective duties. The retiring officers are J. G. Roebeler, county judge; D. Woods, county clerk; John T. Pickens, sheriff; J. F. Canada, Assessor; Miss Mina Wheeler, Supt. of Schools; A. S. Hard; jailer; J. B. Kevil, county attorney.

The new officers elected for a term of four years, are all Republicans; they are as follows:

County Judge—Aaron Towery.
County Clerk—C. E. Weldon.
Sheriff—J. Watts Lamb.
Supt. of Schools—John B. Paris.
County Attorney—Carl Henderson.

Assessor—Geo T. Belt.
Jailer—Albert Travis.

They are all good men and will doubtless prove able and competent officials.

Mr. Dave Woods, the retiring county clerk, administered the oath to Judge Towery, and the latter administered the oath to the other officers.



J. WATTS LAMB.

Mr. James Watts Lamb, the new sheriff, is the youngest county official. He was born in Crittenden county twenty-six years ago. He is a son of Mr. J. Wesley Lamb, of Bells Mines. He attended the county schools. In 1897 he entered the High School of this city and was graduated with honors in 1899. He taught school two years. Mr. Lamb won the Republican nomination for sheriff after a hard fight. He was the leading candidate on the Republican ticket, receiving the largest vote. He is very popular throughout the county. A more competent man could not have been chosen to fill the sheriff's office.



AARON TOWERY.

County Judge Aaron Towery was born in Crittenden county Dec. 29th, 1849. He attended the county schools until eighteen years of age and then entered the Academy at Providence. He attended the Princeton College and graduated in 1871. He served as county surveyor for sixteen years. Judge Towery is a man of sterling qualities.



C. E. WELDON.

Mr. C. E. Weldon, the new County Clerk, was born in Livingston county in 1873. He removed to this county while a boy. He attended school in this county and graduated at a business college at Lebanon, Ohio. Was united in marriage with Miss Willie M. Stone in 1895. Mr. Weldon is well qualified for the office of county clerk.



CARL HENDERSON.

County Attorney Carl Henderson has been a resident of Marion some three years, and has acquired a lucrative practice as a lawyer. He was born in Grayson county, Ky., in 1869. He removed to Webster county and was engaged in the railroad business at Blackford for eight years. He studied law in a private office and then entered a law college at Bowling Green where he was graduated and admitted to the bar. Mr. Henderson is a good lawyer and will make an excellent County Attorney.



JOHN B. PARIS.

Miss Mina Wheeler, for the past eight years County Superintendent of Schools, retired from the office Monday and Mr. John B. Paris succeeded her. Mr. Paris is thirty-two years of age and was born in this county. He began teaching when only 17 years of age and has been constantly engaged in that work. In 1896 he married Miss Luella Miller, of Livingston county. In 1897 he was the Republican nominee for Supt. of Schools but was defeated by Miss Wheeler.

GEORGE T. BELT.

Mr. George T. Belt, the new Assessor, is a prominent and prosperous farmer of Sheridan. He was born in this county Aug. 15th 1863, and has always resided in Crittenden. In 1888 he was united in marriage with Miss Anna Weldon, the daughter of Mr. W. E. Weldon. He is an influential member of the Baptist church. A more genial and affable man than Mr. Belt one rarely meets, and he will prove a popular official.

ALBERT TRAVIS.

Mr. Albert Travis, who succeeds Mr. A. S. Hard as Jailer, is a most friendly and accommodating gentleman. He has been a resident of this county all his life, and until elected has been engaged in farming.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

Convened Tuesday.—Finn Elected Speaker.

The Legislature convened Tuesday. The Democrats elected Gerald T. Finn, of Simpson county, Speaker of the House, and Senator N. W. Utley, of Lyon county, was elected President pro tem. of the Senate.

The four candidates for United States Senator are working hard, and each is confident of victory.

Sentiment favors a caucus on Thursday or Friday, and a ballot next Tuesday, as a precautionary measure. The friends of the candidates are making first ballot claims as follows: McCreary 42, Wheeler 28, Cantrell 26 and Smith 22. As there are but 100 votes in the caucus it is evident that enthusiastic friends are counting the same heads twice.

No date has been set for the Republican Senatorial caucuses, but it seems to be settled that the name of former Gov. Bradley will be presented as an offset to the proposed endorsement of Deboe's record. Senator Deboe is on the ground and is confident he will be made the caucus nominee.

SPLENDID CONDITION,

The State Finances, as Shown by Auditor's Report.

The State Treasury is in a splendid condition, as shown by the official balance sheet of Auditor and Treasurer. It follows:

| SINK FUND. | |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| Balance Nov. 30, 1901..... | \$1,000,700.20 |
| Receipts..... | 312,778.57 |
| Total..... | \$1,313,478.77 |
| Expenditures..... | 79,377.90 |

| SCHOOL FUND. | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Balance Nov. 1, 1901..... | \$ 175,173.31 |
| Receipts..... | 676,499.06 |
| Total..... | \$ 851,672.37 |
| Expenditures..... | 907,197.06 |

| GENERAL EXPENDITURE FUND. | |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Balance Nov. 30, 1901..... | \$ 600,306.96 |
| Receipts..... | 694,238.15 |
| Deficit..... | \$ 132,454.15 |

| BAL. IN TREAS. | |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| Balance Dec. 31, 1901..... | \$ 44,474.31 |
| Total, both funds..... | 1,278,594.19 |

| HUSBAND. | |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Deficit Nov. 30, 1901..... | \$ 600,306.96 |
| Receipts..... | 694,238.15 |
| Deficit..... | \$ 132,454.15 |

[[If you have a weak, nervous, debilitated wife, do not scold or become impatient with her. Give her kind treatment loving words and Morley's Liver and Kidney Cordial, to renovate, regulate, and strengthen her system, and she will soon be your happy, healthy best half. Price \$1 at Woods & Co.

LITTLE VICTIM DIES.

Driscoll Lad, Shot Near Smithland, Dies from Wounds.

BOY WAS ONLY EIGHT YEARS OLD.

Ed. Driscoll, the eight-year-old boy who was shot in Livingston county, six miles from Smithland, last Sunday by Will Wurlitzer, aged about twenty-five years, died Tuesday night after severe suffering. Wurlitzer was arrested Tuesday afternoon by Sheriff Cowper, and is now incarcerated in the Livingston county jail on the charge of murder. The funeral of the little victim was largely attended.

Two stories of the tragedy are told. One is that the lad persisted in playfully calling Wurlitzer a gold Democrat, and this so aggravated him that he shot the child at close range with a shotgun; the boy's left arm was almost torn from the body, and a large hole was torn in his left side.

Wurlitzer, who is said to be a half witted man, claims that the shooting was an accident, but the boy in his dying statement charged that it was intentional. The course of the shot shows that the boy was going in the opposite direction from Wurlitzer. The slayer's name has been published as Worley, which is incorrect.

The examining trial will be held next week. Owing to the belief that Wurlitzer is not strong mentally, the feeling is not so great as it would be otherwise.

Livingston Farmers Club.

Following is the program of the Livingston Farmers Club, to be held at Smithland, Ky., February 1, 1902:

Welcome address—T. E. Butler.
Response—G. N. McGrew.
Good Roads—Clarence Hodge.
Does it pay to borrow money for farm purposes—H. F. Green, J. B. Trail.

Type of cattle best suited for Livingston county—T. B. Hall, Tol Foster, D. A. Dunn.

Raising and feeding cattle for profit—David Adams.

Hogs as a money maker—Chas. Smith, G. R. Diamond.

The soil of the farm, how to build up and maintain its fertility—J. S. Pierce.

Flowers in beautifying the home—Mesdames D. A. Dunn and Kate Love.

How to care for the farm—G. N. McGrew.

Stock peas as a forage crop and soil renovator—J. R. Summers, W. O. Jones.

Economy in shredded fodder—J. M. Fleming, Chas. Davis.

Care for farm implements—Hardy Sulivant, Chas. Lay.

Corn, best varieties and how to maintain them—Thomas Wolf, R. Stroud.

Committee on Music—Y. A. Bennett, T. E. Butler, Miss Rosa Duley.

Program Committee—Lee Threlkeld, Maggie Threlkeld, Nona Wolfe.

CHILD WORTH MILLIONS.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird, of Harrisburg, Pa. "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for coughs, croup and throat and lung troubles. An absolutely safe cough cure which acts immediately; the youngest child can take it with entire safety. The little ones like the taste and remember how often it helped them. Every family should have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure handy. At this season especially it may be needed suddenly. For sale at R. F. Haynes' drug store.

BURIED WEALTH.

In Livingston to be Brought to the Surface.

New Companies are Formed—Vein of Lead is Struck.

Smithland, Ky., Jan. 4.—A party of capitalists are quietly prospecting in this county and have leased the old Powell farm, two miles South of Smithland, on the Paducah road. The company, it is stated, will mine for lead, spar, zinc and oil. It is said that the indications for oil are flattering.

The Pittsburg Mining Company has struck a ten inch vein of lead, in the mines near town. Near there is the old silver mine out of which a lead nugget weighing 125 pounds was taken.

The Peninsula Mining Company is a new concern composed of home capitalists. The company has secured a number of leases near Smithland between the rivers and will begin operations when spring opens.

Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages, and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds, and all bronchial troubles. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at H. K. Woods & Co's drug store. Get Green's Special Almanac.

ALMOST BLIND.

My little four years old girl's eyes were always so weak from birth that she could not stand any light at all. Was treated by several physicians without benefit. My neighbors persuaded me to buy Morley's Sarsaparilla and Iron from Mr. C. Daugherty, Bannock, Ky. Three bottles not only restored her sight but made her stronger and healthier than she ever was in her life. David Kessling. Sold by agents in every town, and by Woods & Co.

Quarterly Report

Farmers Bank,
OF MARION, KY.

At the Close of Business Dec. 31, 1901.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Notes Discounted..... | \$44,721.70 |
| Due from National Banks.... | 15,191.10 |
| Due from State Banks..... | 2,622.14 |
| Cash on hand..... | 3,381.70 |
| Furniture and Fixtures..... | 1,285.30 |
| Total..... | \$67,202.15 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Capital Stock..... | \$15,000.00 |
| Surplus and undivided profits | 439.84 |
| Deposits..... | 51,762.31 |

Total.....\$67,202.15

I, E. J. Hayward, cashier of the above named bank do swear that the above statement is true.

E. J. Hayward, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me by E. J. Hayward, this Jan. 4, 1902.

D. Woods, Clerk C. C. C.
Attest:
P. B. Croft, Director.
E. W. Jones, Director.
S. S. Sullinger, Director.

DON'T LIVE TOGETHER.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without distress. "I have been [troubled with costiveness nine years," says J. O. Greene, Depew, Ind., "I have tried many remedies, but Little Early Risers give best results." At Haynes' drug store.

Marion Bank,
Established 1887.

Capital paid up.....\$20,000
Surplus.....7,500

We offer to depositors and patron every facility which their balances, business and responsibility warrant.
J. W. BLUE, Pres.
T. J. YANDELL, Cashier.

HARPER WHISKY

PURE AND MELLOW,
RICH AND DELICATE.

FOR SALE BY
WM. HARRIGAN.

Marion Graded School

Begins Its Work
Monday, January 6th, 1902

Spring Term Begins Monday, January 20th.

Cheap Board! Tuitions Low!

Boys and Girls of Surrounding Territory, You know our work, Common and High School, if you want it come, and we shall make you welcome.

Call on or write to
CHARLES EVANS, MARION, KY

THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
MARTIN, KENTUCKY.

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

Four men killed J. M. Rhea, an offensive passenger, on a train near Leland, Miss., stole the engine and attempted to escape, but were captured.

Friends of Admiral Schley will ask congress to retire him on full pay and reimburse his costs in the court of inquiry.

Governors and law officers of five northwestern states met at Helena, Mont., to discuss a plan of preventing the merger of northwestern railroad interests.

Frank Peavey, of Minneapolis, well-known grain elevator owner, died of pneumonia in Chicago. He was insured for \$140,000.

John Dever, aged 26 years, and Mrs. Grace Phillips, aged 24, were drowned while skating at Milan, Ind.

Fire drill saved 900 children from injury and possible death at the burning of the New York juvenile asylum.

Jeffries and Sharkey have agreed to fight at San Francisco between March 25 and April 30 for the world's championship.

Admiral Schley has been presented with a diamond medal by the Maryland councils of Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

Prof. Loeb, of Chicago, gives result of experiments which demonstrate that man may check death by use of chemicals which destroy destructive agent.

Floods caused great damage in many eastern and southern states. Pennsylvania is the greatest sufferer.

A rattlesnake reviled by a stove bit two children at Crawfordsville, Ind., and they may die.

Nancy Reeder and John Edwards were killed by the cars near Newcastle, Ind., while on their way to be married.

Albert Doty, living near Lyndon, Kan., killed his wife and himself after a quarrel.

In the asylum for feeble-minded children at Lincoln, Ill., more than 100 cases of smallpox were discovered.

President Barber, of the Diamond Match company, who has just returned from Europe, says his company will soon control the markets of the world.

The chairman of the house post office committee declares his opposition to penny postage at the present time.

During the year 1901 the loss of life by railway accidents in the United States numbered 3,669, by fire 1,585, by drownings 2,487, by explosions 511, in mines 688, in storms 250, by lightning 325, by falling buildings 473, and by shipwrecks 2,245.

The revenues of the government from all sources for the last fiscal year were \$699,316,530.92 and the expenditures \$621,598,546.54, showing a surplus of \$77,717,984.38.

In the United States the past year 18 persons were hanged for murder and 135 were lynched. Suiicides numbered 7,245 and murders 7,852.

The total fire losses of 1901 in the United States, of \$100,000 and upward amounted to \$67,941,900.

Bequests in 1901 to educational institutions, libraries and art museums, charities, churches and religious enterprises, and to towns and cities in the United States for the public benefit and entertainment amounted to \$128,856,732.

Henry Albert, denied a kiss, shot his wife fatally and killed himself in Chicago.

Richmond (Va.) was under water, owing to the rise in the James river, and citizens were traveling about in boats. The damage to property will be enormous.

A life size bronze monument of the late President McKinley is to be erected at Niles, O.

The government will hereafter give out nothing concerning negotiations to secure Miss Stone's freedom.

Dun's review of trade for the last year declared all records beaten by the volume of business.

The Crane Manufacturing company distributed \$125,000 among its 3,500 employees in Chicago as a Christmas gift.

J. P. Morgan has arranged a \$60,000,000 combination of the Westinghouse and General Electric companies.

A jeweler at Turners Falls, Mass., made insane by accidentally killing Ida Gullum, a clerk, shot four members of his family, killing a son.

Forty-five thousand Tammanyites were ousted from power in New York on New Year's day.

A new statute abolishing common law marriages went into effect in New York with the new year. It recognizes marriage by civil contract.

The governor of Nebraska has granted a pardon to former State Treasurer Bartley, who was convicted five years ago of embezzling \$201,000 state funds and sentenced to 20 years imprisonment.

Kansas educators will ask the legislature to pass a law providing a jail sentence for youthful cigarette smokers.

Governors and law officers of northwestern states, in conference at Helena, Mont., decided to make a legal fight against the Illinois railway merger.

The legislatures of New York, Massachusetts, Maryland and Virginia convened on New Year's day.

Robert Lebaudy, of Paris, will give \$1,000,000 for the establishment of a French industrial school in connection with the University of Chicago.

Three persons were killed and two wounded in a fight at a New Year's watch party at Robbins, N. C.

Two persons were killed and 17 injured in the wreck of a passenger train on the Baltimore & Ohio road near Pittsburg, Pa.

Crowds attending the New Year's reception at the white house broke all records, President Roosevelt shaking the hands of 8,100 persons.

The Young triplets, the oldest in the world, celebrated their forty-fifth birthday anniversary in Chicago with a big family dinner.

Tomas Estrada Palma, in his home at Central Valley, N. Y., received the news of his election to the presidency of the republic of Cuba.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Gorton, an aged couple, were burned to death at their residence near Litchfield, Minn.

Eugene Hector, a newspaper man, shot and killed a highwayman who held him up on a street in Chicago.

Emperor William has invited Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president, to christen his new racing yacht, now under construction on Staten Island.

In the first ice yacht race of the season three persons were injured, one fatally, at Madison, Wis.

An increase of from 4 to 12 per cent. in the wages of 45,000 trainmen is soon to be announced by the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

Seth Low took charge of the office of mayor of New York, the change of administrations being without special ceremony.

Marconi hopes soon to have wireless communication between England and America.

The San Francisco mint in 1901 converted \$81,072,500 from bullion into coin, breaking all previous records.

The public debt statement issued on the 2d shows that the debt decreased \$3,643,192 during the month of December. The cash balance in the treasury was \$321,603,273. The total debt, less the cash in the treasury, amounts to \$1,011,628,286.

Five persons were killed by an explosion in a railroad roundhouse at Macon, Ga.

Judge E. S. Elliott, of Milwaukee, aged 59, dropped dead while playing whist.

W. Murray Crane took the oath of office as governor of Massachusetts for his third term.

One of the new compound locomotives used by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway made the run from Chicago to Milwaukee, 85 2-10 miles, in 87 minutes.

The circulation of national bank notes on December 31 was \$360,289,726, being an increase of \$20,145,551 during the 12 months ended that date.

The Rochester (N. Y.) theological seminary earned a gift of \$100,000 by J. D. Rockefeller by duplicating it.

The Searchlight hotel at Searchlight, Nev., was destroyed by fire and Mrs. Bullock and two children were cremated.

The total coinage at the mints during the last year was \$134,693,770, of which \$101,735,187 was gold, \$30,838,400 silver and \$2,120,122 minor coins.

The Naval Register just issued makes the strength of the navy 225 ships, with 60 under construction.

The Everett-Moore syndicate, controlling many electric railway lines and telephone companies in Ohio and Michigan, has passed into the control of a committee of Cleveland bankers.

President Roosevelt gave his first state dinner at the white house.

A Memphis undertaker claims to have discovered embalming fluid which will keep bodies forever.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Ex-Congressman William H. H. Cowles died at his home in Wilkesboro, N. C.

Almon Streeter died at Rensselaer Falls, N. Y., aged 107 years.

James W. Reid, ex-congressman from North Carolina, died at Lewiston, Idaho, where he had lived since 1847.

Dr. Royal B. Prescott, who died in Nashua, N. H., was the first union soldier to enter Richmond after its surrender.

Eugene Carter, one of the best-known billiard experts in the world, died at his home in Chicago, aged 49 years.

James Davidson, the oldest odd fellow in the United States, died at Santa Barbara, Cal., aged 89 years.

FOREIGN.

European powers give notice that they will increase claims for compensation against China if the United States returns a portion of the indemnity.

Missionary and native converts reported a massacre by Chinese troops. A German is under arrest in Japan for attempting to assassinate the emperor.

The Danish government will sign a treaty for the sale of the West India Islands to the United States despite protests of the people.

Election returns indicate that Thomas Estrada Palma has been elected president of Cuba.

Official returns show that the Boer losses by killed, wounded and surrendering during 1901 totaled 14,887 men. Foreigners at Peking have been requested not to witness the return of the royal court to the city.

Russia is accused of fomenting the recent anti-foreign outbreak in China.

ARE ANXIOUS TO UNLOAD.

A Definitive Proposition Made By the French Panama Canal Company.

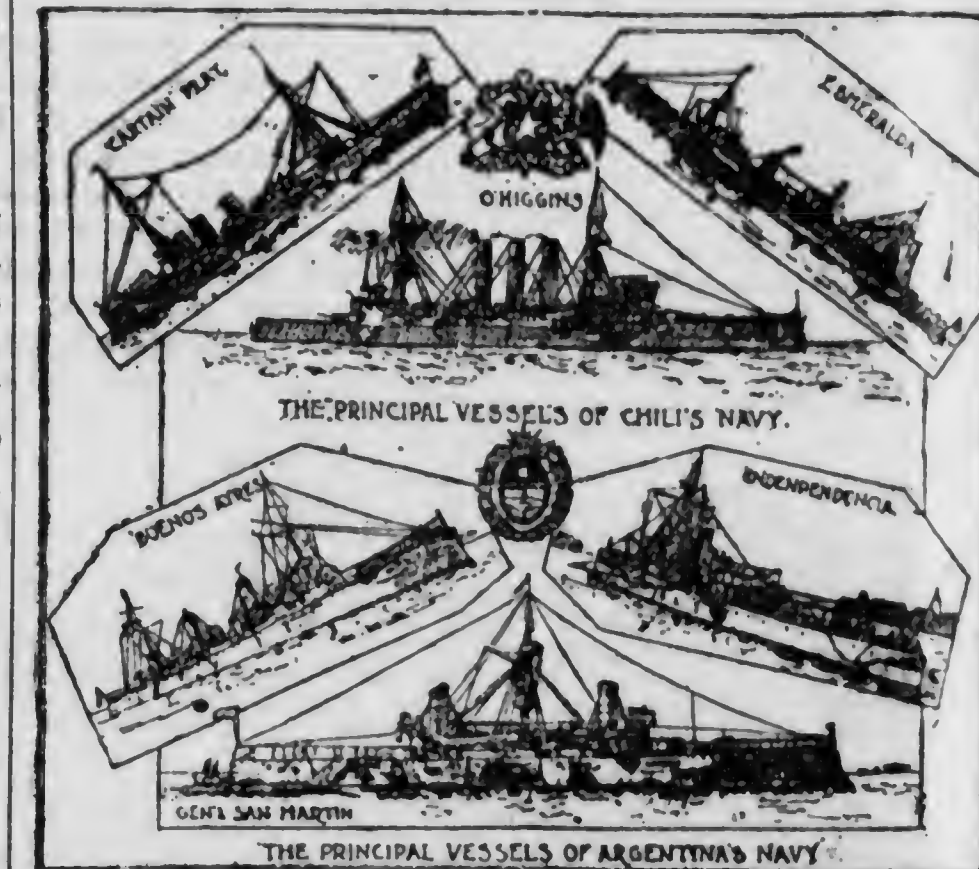
OUTFIT OFFERED FOR FORTY MILLIONS

The President Will Communicate the Proposition to Congress, the Canal Question Being Now One for Legislative Consideration and Determination.

Washington, Jan. 4.—A formal proposition to sell the Panama canal properties to the United States government for \$10,000,000 was submitted to the authorities here. It was made by M. Boeufve, representing the company, to Admiral Walker, as chairman of the Isthmian canal commission. M. Boeufve noted under cable instructions received from the Panama canal officials at Paris. Admiral Walker brought the proposition to the knowledge of the secretary of state and the president, going directly to the state department for that purpose.

The submission of this offer carries out a plan which has been under consideration for the last two weeks. The first step was taken when M. Hutin retired from the presidency of the Panama Canal Co. This brought about an entire change in the management, the main feature of the change being that those in authority desired to make a definite offer of the Panama properties to this government for \$10,000,000. There have been numerous meetings at Paris with this end in view, but the one which brought about the final proposition was held Friday. In substance, the notification delivered to Admiral Walker was as follows: "The Panama Canal Co. declares itself ready to transfer to the government of the United States, on payment of \$10,000,000, its properties and

THE FLEETS OF CHILI AND ARGENTINA.



Although a temporary peace has been patched up between these two South American republics public sentiment is worked up to such a pitch that hostilities may be provoked at any minute.

concessions, estimated at that amount by the Isthmian canal commission, in conformity with the terms and conditions of the estimates of said commission."

Except to submit the proposition in the foregoing terms there was no discussion with Admiral Walker as to what further steps were likely to be taken except to bring the proposition to the attention of the secretary of state and the president.

Admiral Walker called at the state department at noon and communicated to Secretary Hay the offer which M. Boeufve had submitted in behalf of the canal company. The matter was, soon after, brought to the attention of the president.

It can be stated that the president will communicate the proposition to congress. This course will be pursued because the administration holds that the canal question is now purely one for legislative determination, and that as congress is about to consider the subject it should have possession of all facts that have come to the knowledge of the executive branch.

The offer as made to Admiral Walker, and later communicated to the president and secretary of state, refers to the estimates of the Isthmian canal commission's report. This feature of the commission's report appears under the caption "Total Value of the Panama Canal," and is as follows:

"Summing up the foregoing items, the total value of the property is found to be: Excavation already done, \$27,474,033; Panama railroad stock, at par, \$6,850,000; maps, drawings and records, \$2,000,000. To which add ten per cent. to cover omissions, making the total valuation of the Panama canal \$40,000,000."

Miss Roosevelt's Debut.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The most brilliant and interesting social function in the national capital since Nellie Grant "came out," was the debut into society, Friday night, of Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president. Fully five hundred guests were present.

THE TREASURY PORTFOLIO.

Gov. Shaw of Iowa Will Believe Secretary of the Treasury Hoge on January 25.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Gov. Leslie M. Shaw of Iowa was in conference with Secretary Hoge for about two hours, Saturday, going over details of the treasury department, and then left with the secretary for the White House. Gov. Shaw said it had been decided that he should take charge of the treasury department on the 25th inst. He said he had not contemplated any changes in the official force here, and he did not know that he would have any occasion to consider such changes. He said he regretted exceedingly that Secretary Hoge had decided to leave the treasury department.

FOUR SECTION MEN KILLED.

Shocking Accident to a Gang of Workmen, On the Burlington, at Monmouth, Ill.

Monmouth, Ill., Jan. 4.—Four section hands were instantly killed by a Burlington passenger train Saturday morning. They were going to work on a hauler, and the coming train was concealed by the steam of a freight train on a sidetrack. The dead are: James McGrath, foreman; Joseph Brown; Samuel Mettler; Mike Anderson.

WERE BURNED TO DEATH.

Sad Fate of an Aged Retired Methodist Clergyman and His Daughter at Bethany, Conn.

Bethany, Conn., Jan. 4.—Edmund Peck, a retired Methodist clergyman, aged 80, and his daughter, Mary Peck, aged 35, were burned to death, early Saturday morning, in a fire which destroyed their handsome home on the Bethany turnpike. Charles Peck, of Waterbury, a son of Edmund, was seriously injured in a jump from the second story. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

THE LOST WALLA WALLA.

The Actual Loss of Life Not Yet Known, and Estimates Are Conflicting.

HOPES THAT RAFTS MAY BE PICKED UP.

Speculation As to the Identity and Fate of the Vessel With Which the Walla Walla Collided—A Number of Survivors Landed and Cared For at Trinidad.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—It is not yet known how many persons perished in the wreck of the steamer Walla Walla, which was run into and sunk by an unknown French bark off Cape Mendocino. The most conservative statement places the number of dead at ten and includes 20 in the list of missing. Another estimate is that no less than 73 persons are yet unaccounted for. There are still on the ocean, so far as known, two rafts. If either of these has been picked up, the number of supposed victims will be materially decreased. Sixty-two of the passengers and crew were picked up and landed at Eureka by the steam schooner Dispatch, 23 survivors drifted ashore near Trinidad, and 17 others were rescued by the tug Langer. Capt. Hall, who went down with the vessel, but came to the surface and was saved, thinks that the missing may yet be heard from.

What of the French Bark?

The fact that the bark which caused the disaster did not stand by to aid the Walla Walla, indicates to seafaring men that she must have been seriously disabled. If, indeed, she remains afloat, her identity is not known, or is it likely to be determined for some time, as there are several French vessels answering her description now on the Pacific.

Expert shipping men figure out that most likely the bark was the Ernest Le Gouvé, 53 days out from Hobart, Tasmania, for Portland.

The bark Les Adelphe, 81 days from Madagascar, and the Duquesne, 125 days out from Nantes; the Europe, bound for England, with a cargo of wheat, and the Francois Cepe, which left Astoria on December 28, for Cork are also mentioned by mariners in this connection. The revenue cutter McCulloch has been dispatched to the scene of the wreck, and is expected, besides searching for and aiding the missing survivors, to ascertain all possible facts concerning the vessel which caused the wreck.

Three Life Rafts Found.

Of the six life rafts launched by the Walla Walla after the boats had been filled, three and a portion of another were found and their occupants rescued by the schooner Dispatch.

On this little fleet of light craft hard battle for life was fought. One was half the time two feet under water. On another a man went mad. His mania took the form of attempted self-destruction. His companions kept him from drowning himself. They can not tell how, in such a sea, on such a craft, they saved their own lives. Yet they saved them and the life of the madman, too. On still another raft were 12 persons, and everyone was saved. The man who was driven temporarily insane was Frank Orrege, a fireman.

Survivors at Trinidad.

The following-named persons reached Trinidad in safety, after a most perilous trip in one of the boats: M. C. Moorehouse, stationary engineer, Seattle; H. S. Marshall, chief cook of the Walla Walla; W. T. Smith, passenger, of Los Angeles; Wm. Sheehan, fireman, of San Francisco; J. McCallum, San Francisco; Wm. O'Leary, sailor, San Francisco; Charles Brown, third assistant engineer, San Francisco; A. Spear, R. McKee, Fred McClement, H. Katzson, Jr., O. Swanson, Dan Larsen, Charles Drayson, passengers; E. Alexander, coal hand; A. Johnson, messman.

H. H. Weaver, passenger, was badly hurt and is not expected to live. The people of Trinidad had not learned of the calamity and the appearance of the haggard, worn-out survivors, as well as their tales of peril and suffering, came as a shock to the people of that section and they received them with open hands.

One of the survivors, Wm. O'Leary, says that the boat saw an unknown French bark and came within 300 yards of it, but could not attract the attention of anyone on board.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

Men Believed to Have Been Implicated in the Brown Dry Goods Store Robbery at Desoto, Ia.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 4.—Charles McAfter, a saloonkeeper, and Louis Brown have been arrested on suspicion of having been implicated in the robbery of the Brown dry goods store, at Desoto, Wednesday night. The merchandise found secreted on the premises of Charles Jones, who was arrested Friday, amounting to \$1,000 in value, has been identified as constituting half the stolen goods.

Mrs. Jones states that two strangers hauled the plunder to their place Thursday morning.

THE WEEK'S BANK CLEARINGS.

Total Clearings, with Increase and Decrease, in the Principal Cities of the Country.

New York, Jan. 4.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at 60 of the principal cities for the week ending January 2, with the percentages of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

| CITIES. | Totals. | Per cent. increase. | Per cent. decrease. |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| New York | \$1,377,012,511 | 13.2 | |
| Chicago | 149,782,516 | 8.4 | |
| Boston | 136,690,338 | 12.7 | |
| Philadelphia | 92,678,686 | 1.9 | |
| St. Louis | 43,222,413 | 6.8 | |
| Pittsburg | 37,598,918 | 6.7 | |
| Hartford | 19,482,712 | 12.8 | |
| San Francisco | 29,835,352 | 1.3 | |
| Cincinnati | 16,212,408 | 4.1 | |
| Kansas City | 15,999,132 | 1.5 | |
| Minneapolis | 14,241,349 | 10.6 | |
| Cleveland | 12,896,491 | 5.0 | |
| New Orleans | 14,349,441 | 12.6 | |
| Detroit | 10,614,271 | 12.6 | |
| Indianapolis | 8,010,911 | 15.4 | |
| Providence | 6,584,700 | 10.3 | |
| Duluth | 6,744,641 | 1.4 | |
| Milwaukee | 6,216,997 | 7.4 | |
| St. Paul | 5,810,372 | 15.4 | |
| Albany | 5,607,084 | 29.8 | |
| Baltimore | 2,744,731 | 2.3 | |
| Denver | 3,741,143 | 6.4 | |
| St. Joseph | 4,009,235 | 29.9 | |
| Richmond | 2,569,928 | 12.9 | |
| Memphis | 2,012,356 | 13.7 | |
| Seattle | 2,497,457 | 49.9 | |
| Washington | 2,453,640 | 11.3 | |
| Harrisburg | 2,742,421 | 11.9 | |
| Los Angeles | 2,077,341 | 4.0 | |
| Balt. City | 3,115,274 | 5.4 | |
| Toledo | 2,357,024 | 78.3 | |
| Louisville | 2,448,438 | 6.4 | |
| Honolulu | 2,501,399 | 77.2 | |
| Peoria | 2,391,679 | 12.2 | |
| Fort Worth | 2,749,121 | 13.4 | |
| Omaha | 2,168,399 | 12.8 | |
| Norfolk | 1,311,848 | 21.5 | |
| Des Moines | 1,537,346 | 3.4 | |
| New Haven | 1,597,057 | 26.1 | |
| Springfield, Mass. | 2,002,682 | 26.1 | |
| Augusta | 2,345,435 | 54.3 | |
| Nashville | 1,684,807 | 3.8 | |
| Worcester | 1,611,613 | 1.4 | |
| Grand Rapids | 1,354,721 | 6.1 | |
| St. Paul | 1,298,410 | 36.9 | |
| Dayton | 1,228,792 | 4.7 | |
| Evansville | 2,131,161 | 1.3 | |
| Berkeley | 1,618,513 | 21.6 | |
| Spokane | 1,510,931 | 31.1 | |
| Wilmington, Del. | 1,380,679 | 36.7 | |
| Fall River | 1,175,288 | 16.3 | |
| Birmingham | 1,175,288 | 16.3 | |
| Tupelo | 1,175,288 | 16.3 | |
| Columbus, O. | 1,697,400 | 10.0 | |
| Albany | 1,441,982 | 6.1 | |
| Montreal | 15,251,241 | 5.8 | |
| Toronto | 17,244,738 | 12.8 | |
| Winnipeg | 3,735,931 | 47.6 | |
| Halifax | 1,209,081 | 1.1 | |
| Quebec | 1,116,575 | 1.0 | |

* Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

Weekly Bank Statement.
New York, Jan. 4.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows:
Loans, \$62,546,000; increase, \$11,546,000.
Deposits, \$254,301,100; increase, \$15,534,200.
Circulation, \$81,574,300; increase, \$15,100.
Legal tenders, \$74,257,800; increase, \$5,367,800.
Specie, \$164,808,000; increase, \$1,100,000.
Reserves, \$230,566,800; increase, \$2,400,000.
Bancnotes required, \$251,551,025; increase, \$5,800,000.
Surplus, \$7,515,175; decrease, \$375,705.

ENDED LIFE

STATE NEWS ITEMS.

OIL WELLS IN KNOX COUNTY.

Twenty-Four Were Drilled During the Past Year, All Good Ones.

Monticello, Ky., Jan. 2.—Twenty-four oil wells have been drilled in Knox county during the past year, and all are good wells. Oil was first found here about 30 years ago. One well was drilled here in 1892, in which a small quantity of oil was found; another was drilled on Stinking creek about three years ago. Twenty-one wells have been drilled since then, and oil has been found in all of them.

On Cumberland river, two miles south of Harboursville, the Tye Bend Oil Co. has two wells. Black oil was struck at 280 feet and green oil at 465 feet. Mr. Young, the Tye Bend driller, says these wells may make from 20 to 100 barrels a day.

The Bluegrass Oil Co., of South Dakota, has drilled four wells on Stinking creek, and has not struck a dry hole yet.

JUST IN TIME.

Ten Minutes Before Limitation Kentucky's War Claims Were Filed.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 1.—Adj. Gen. Murray received a telegram Tuesday from Capt. C. Coulburn, who is in Washington, presenting to the war department the claims of Kentucky soldiers of the Spanish American war, that the total amount coming to them is \$184,847, and that he filed the claims just ten minutes before limitation would have expired.

The money is due them at the regular state guard rate from the time the soldiers left home for the camp of mobilization to the date they were mustered in.

LEFT FOR EUROPE.

Great Sire May Be Secured There to Take the Place of Esher.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 3.—J. N. Camlen, Jr., of the Hartford Street in Woodford county, left Thursday for Europe, where he has gone for the sole purpose of buying a stallion to take the place of Imp. Esher, the wonderful successful stallion, recently deceased. Before leaving he stated that he had made a vain search in this country for one that would suit him. Considering the fact that he has unlimited capital at his command a great deal from across the pond may be looked for at any moment.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

Officers Are to Be Selected For Both Branches of the Legislature.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 2.—Secretary Percy Huley, of the democratic central committee, by authority of Chairman Young, Wednesday afternoon issued a call for the party members of the general assembly to gather in caucus at their respective houses on Monday evening next to select officers of the branches to be elected the following day. At these meetings a chairman will be chosen to preside over the caucus to select a nominee for United States senator.

Three Sets of Twins.

Oliver Hill, Ky., Jan. 1.—While W. C. Johnson was taking a census of his district to gather data on which to base a plea for a new county he says he found that David Justice, a farmer, was the father of 14 children, all under one roof. Included in this number are three sets of twins. Mrs. Justice is a daughter of Rev. Rube Tipton, near here.

Left to the Colonels.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 3.—Gov. Beekman issued an order Thursday through Adj. Gen. Murray to the colonels of the state guard regiments authorizing them to grant discharges to private soldiers except where there is a judgment for dishonorable discharge. This was done to relieve the governor of the large amount of work necessary to pass on the discharges.

A Deaf Mute Wedding.

Hodgenville, Ky., Jan. 2.—Mr. Jackson Morrison, of this county, and Miss M. Hovey, of Columbia, Adair county, both deaf mutes, were married at the home of the bride's parents, at the latter place. The attendants were also deaf mutes, and the ceremony was conducted by finger signs. The bridegroom was formerly a newspaper man of Vine Grove, Hardin county.

An Old Check Found.

Paris, Ky., Jan. 1.—During the 1900 holidays the Blue Grass Grocery Co., at this city, in counting up cash, found a shortage of \$25. In overhauling the cash register Tuesday they found back of the keyboard Ossian Edwards' check for that amount. The check upon presentation to the bank was promptly honored.

Kentucky Gas Developments.

Monticello, Ky., Jan. 3.—Somerset Oil Co.'s Well No. 5, on the Bertin farm, at Sunnybrook, was drilled Thursday. At a depth of 750 feet there was a good showing for a fine well. The Galey Co. struck a pocket of gas at Parnell Thursday.

Bitten By a Mad Dog.

St. Sterling, Ky., Jan. 3.—Col. Gatewood, youngest son of Jim Gatewood, of Lexington, was attacked by a mad dog and his arm was severely lacerated. The young man was at once taken to Olympia, Ky., to a madhouse.

THE HAWKINS MURDER.

Negro Confesses He Planned It and Axline Committed the Crime.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 2.—Will Mosby, colored, confessed to murdering J. N. Hawkins. The pistol left at Hawkins' side belongs to Mosby, who is a Versailles Negro. He implicates Bert Axline and Jim Ratcliffe, both in jail.

Mosby confessed that he gave Bertie Axline, a young white man, formerly of Nicholasville, the pistol with which Mr. Hawkins was shot, while he and James Ratcliffe, a white man from Paris, Ky., were with him. Axline, who was arrested several days ago and was in the Lexington jail, entirely broke down and sobbed as soon as he was taken before the Negro, but denied knowing him.

ASSAULTED TWICE.

A Young Man of Petersburg, Ky., Attacked By An Unknown Man.

Petersburg, Ky., Jan. 3.—Burthel A. Pease, a young resident, was assaulted in the vestibule of his parents' home Thursday morning or Wednesday night by an unknown. Thursday evening Pease recovered enough to call upon his affianced, Miss Lilanthe Green, who lives on upper Pike street, and as he was passing a lonely spot a man stepped out and struck at him with a sand bag. Pease dodged and the weapon struck him across the breast. He pulled a pistol and fired several shots at the fleeing form of the would-be assassin, but missed.

A WOMAN'S HAND.

A Friend Squeezed It, and Amputation Was Necessary.

Georgetown, Ky., Jan. 1.—Miss Retta Johnson, who is visiting the family of Mrs. John A. Cox, of this city, underwent an operation for the amputation of her right hand here Monday. Some time ago she attended a social gathering in Owen county and met an old friend, who shook hands with her and playfully squeezed her hand. Later the member began to give her great pain and swelled to such an extent that amputation was necessary to save her life.

A UNIQUE GIFT.

A Watch Guard Made From the Tanned Skin of a Groundhog.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 3.—Secretary of State C. Breck Hill was made the recipient of a most unique gift Thursday by the democratic committee of Pike county. Representative Lawson brought the gift, and it is a "groundhog" watch guard or chain, being made from the tanned skin of the ordinary ground hog that does so much weather predicting on February 2, and Mr. Hill is proudly wearing his chain, and is in fine humor over the message that came with it.

Gen. Gentry's Hounds.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 2.—A crowd of 1,500 faced the cold here Wednesday at the trotting track to witness the rabbit races of Gen. W. H. Gentry. One first rabbit turned loose was a large fellow, and ten hounds were put on the chase. He was caught by The Kentucky Colonel, one of Gentry's dogs. Miss Forester, another member of the Gentry kennel, caught the next.

Has No Capital.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 2.—The Louisville Institute of Christian Science filed articles of incorporation in the office of the secretary of state Wednesday morning. It has no capital stock, and Lane Revennugh, Dorothy Osgood and N. Ayers Osgood are the incorporators.

Trotting Mare to Be Sold.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 1.—G. W. Baum, of Pittsburg, has consigned the trotting mare Neva Simmons (2:11 1/4), by Simmons—dam Neva, to the Woodward & Shanklin sale here in February. The mare has been one of the biggest money winners on the grand circuit.

A Deputy Marshal.

Mayfield, Ky., Jan. 3.—G. W. Saunders has been appointed United States deputy marshal for this district, vice Met James, resigned. This leaves the post office contract with J. H. Happy and Wallace Mason, the present incumbent, and the odds are in Happy's favor.

Kuklux Trials Postponed.

Pineville, Ky., Jan. 1.—All the cases of the Letcher county alleged kukluxers were continued till the May term of the circuit court, the commonwealth not being ready for trial. The defendants made a motion for bail, which was overruled.

A Speedy Two-Year-Old.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 2.—A 2-year-old bay filly owned by Frank Sloan, of this city went three-eighths in the phenomenal time of 37 1/2 seconds. She had only been worked for about 40 days and this performance was made on a muddy track.

Killed While Hunting.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 2.—Wm. Goddard, a prominent young business man, was killed while hunting at Greensburg, Ky., Wednesday by the accidental discharge of his shotgun, which he was cleaning.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Carl Hassendeubel, one of St. Louis' pioneer citizens, is dead, at the age of 87 years.

Julia Arthur (Mrs. B. P. Cheney) emphatically denies the report that she is to return to the stage.

Miss Alice Turner was burned to death at Sulphur Springs, Tex. Her clothing caught at an open fire.

Anton Leitner, whose arms were blown off by dynamite, died at Duquesne, Pa. He leaves a large family.

Ernest Outland was hanged at Sylva, Ga., for the murder of Tom Mitchell, one year ago. Both were negroes.

Miss Jennie Moore, aged 53, who lived alone near Easton, Okla., committed suicide by hanging. No cause is known.

Prof. Small, of Columbia university, declares that fog is better than clear air as a conductor for wireless messages.

John Robinson, a negro, was hanged at Dublin, Ga., for assaulting and murdering Bertha Simmons, colored, last May.

Three St. Louis firemen were hurt Friday evening, one probably fatally, in the collision of a street car and horse wagon.

One St. Louis brewery, last year turned out 1,000,495 barrels of beer, which netted the government a revenue of \$1,801,818.

Will Shell, of Cypress, Tex., was killed at Deweyville, Tex., by a tree falling on him while he was riding along the public road.

Judge John R. Henderson, one of the oldest and a leading citizen of Cape Girardeau county, Mo., died, Friday, aged 83 years.

Bradstreet's report that the prevailing sentiments in business circles are satisfaction with the past and confidence in the future.

An unknown person threw a rock through a window of the home of A. C. McCoy, of Victoria, Tex., and Mrs. McCoy fell dead from fright.

Fisheries Commissioner Bowers reports that the growing difficulty in securing lobster eggs for propagation purposes is becoming serious.

Ira V. Lee, a justice of the peace at Jonesboro, Ill., was accidentally killed by his nephew, while hunting, two miles south of Jonesboro.

A large party of Iowa farmers sailed from New Orleans, Friday for the Isle of Pines, off Cuba, to found a colony of tropical fruit grovers.

It is proposed to erect, near Orange, Tex., storage tanks, with a capacity of 25,000,000 barrels of oil. Plans for an oil refinery at the same point are said to be under way.

Dr. William G. Barnes, of Decatur, Ill., has begun work on a fireproof addition to his residence, that he will use as a storehouse for his butterfly collection, the finest in the United States.

A zealous London lawyer rendered himself liable to a fine, imprisonment and corporal punishment by serving a writ on Henry White, charge d'affaires for the United States. Apologies have been made.

THE AMERICAN COFFEE POT.

It Took Over a Billion Pounds of the Berry Last Year to Keep It Supplied.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The coffee importation of the United States will in the calendar year 1901 be the largest in the history of our import trade. Eleven months' figures of the treasury bureau of statistics show that the importation of coffee amounted to 967,069,583 pounds in the eleven months ending with November, against 707,496,152 in the corresponding months of 1900; 817,223,877 in the corresponding months of 1899; 744,910,179 in the corresponding months of 1898; 726,119,996 in 1897, and 567,929,817 in 1896.

These figures indicate not only that the coffee importation of 1901 will be larger than those of any preceding year, but that they will for the first time exceed one billion pounds. The value of the coffee imports of the year will reach about \$70,000,000.

BECAUSE OF A WRONG SIGNAL

Four Persons Killed, Five Injured and Three Trains Wrecked On the Pennsylvania.

Johnstown, Pa., Jan. 4.—Because of a wrong signal at the Nurest tower, late Friday night, a fast east-bound Pennsylvania railroad mail and express train No. 14, ran into a slow freight, five miles west of this city, and a few minutes later a west-bound freight crashed into the wreck, causing the death of four persons and the serious injury of at least five others.

Train No. 14 got a clear block at the tower, and, running ahead at full speed, crashed into the rear of extra freight No. 490, wrecking the engine and two cars of No. 14 and the caboose and two cars of the freight. Westbound No. 893 almost immediately piled into the debris, the engine and ten cars tumbling into the river.

A Sensational Scene.

Paoli, Ind., Jan. 4.—Miss Eva Miller, Friday, compelled Dr. C. D. Driscoll, a dentist and man of family, to read, before a crowd of citizens, an insulting letter he had written her; to make public apology, and, finally, to promise to leave town within 20 days.

Kentucky Giant Married.

La Grange, Ky., Jan. 4.—A. A. Powell, seven feet seven inches tall, and known as the "Kentucky Giant," and Miss Mattie Kerlin, who stands four feet five inches, were married, Friday, at Starlight. Powell is a traveling salesman for a New York firm.

PECULIAR PROCLAMATION.

It Purports to Have Been Issued by American Soldiers Who Deserted to the Enemy.

COMRADES INVITED TO DO LIKEWISE.

The Document, However, Is Believed, by Gen. Chaffee, to Have Been Prepared by Filipinos and Signed by the American Soldiers Under Duress.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The war department has received from the Philippines copies of a remarkable proclamation, signed with the names of nine Americans—seven of them stated as being in the United States military service—inviting American soldiers to desert and join the ranks of the Filipino soldiery. The text of the document is as follows:

The Proclamation.

"To whom it may concern:—After many months among the Filipino people, studying their customs and characters, we, the undersigned, have come to the conclusion that the time has arrived for us to break the silence and let you know the real truth as to what you will see the folly of continuing to fight these people who are defending their country against the cruel American invasion in the same manner in which our forefathers did against England in those glorious days of our grand and noble liberator, Gen. George Washington.

"Since the day we were led by our conscience and presented ourselves to the Philippine authorities we have received the best of treatment, and we are enjoying a life of luxury without having to put our lives in danger as we do, who still remain in the American ranks fighting for an unjust cause, which, sooner or later, must surely prove disastrous, as it did to the Spanish, notwithstanding that they were the country and customs of the people better than the American do.

"For above-mentioned reasons and also that the war may soon end, we ask the men of the American army, stationed in these islands to present themselves to the Philippine authorities as we did, thereby showing yourselves to be true Americans, upholding the policy of Washington and the Monroe doctrine against the ambitious policy of President McKinley, who, for two years, has carried on this cruel war, spilling the innocent blood of thousands of American soldiers, and with what object? To fill the pockets of Mark Hanna and several other American capitalists, who have been for years and are now running America to-day, or, in other words, changing your blood for gold and robbing many a loving mother or wife of son or husband, thereby making many a once-happy home sad and miserable.

"Before we close let us tell you that we have no desire to see you, who are stationed in these islands, to whom you should you so desire, you can present yourselves with or without your rifles and, to avoid danger, it is best to hide it in a secure place, and after you have presented yourself inform the Filipino of the chief of guerrillas and they will recover it and pay you some money in return.

"With this we conclude, wishing you the best of fortune.

"We remain yours sincerely,

(Signed) "HARRY MORAL ALMAN, Co. K.

"JOHN BLAKE, Trumpeter, Co. B, Twenty-eighth U. S. Infantry.

"FRANK L. CLARK, Co. E, Twenty-first U. S. Infantry.

"J. THOMAS KIEBBER, Corporal, Twenty-eighth U. S. volunteers.

"CHARLES BUCHANAN, Co. B, Twenty-eighth U. S. volunteers.

"HARRY RICHTER, Sixth U. S. artillery.

"CHARLES WRIGHT, Hospital.

"FITZBUGH SMITH, "JOHN RYAN, Fourth regiment."

How Gen. Chaffee Views It.

John T. Kreider, one of the signers of this proclamation, was tried recently by military commission in the Philippines on a charge of treason, and the records of the court martial have just been received at the war department. The preponderance of proof, said Gen. Chaffee, in reviewing the case, was in favor of the contention of the accused that he was held by the insurgents as a prisoner and took no part in operations against the United States, gave no aid and comfort to the enemy, made reasonable effort to escape and was compelled, by his captors, under duress to sign the above proclamation, by threats of violence, in case he refused. "While no treasonable intent or overt act is established against the accused by competent evidence," said Gen. Chaffee, "it, however, remains to be remarked that is the duty of the American soldier to face impending danger of death rather than sign a treasonable proclamation, even if it be prepared, as was the one in this case, by the enemy. Nor should he do any other act that might have even a semblance of giving the enemy encouragement. The true soldier not only takes the risks of battle, but all other risks of life growing out of any and all incidents of war, and accepts the chance of life or death rather than to do anything to injure his country's cause or dishonor the uniform he wears."

The military commission found Kreider guilty of the charge of treason and sentenced him to confinement at hard labor for life, but Gen. Chaffee, because of the absence of conclusive proof that the accused had committed an overt act (such as not being necessary to consummate the technical offense of treason), disapproved the sentence and ordered the prisoner set at liberty.

Negotiating With Bandits.

Constantinople, Jan. 4.—The last report regarding Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka is to the effect that the brigands have agreed to accept \$72,500, and want the money before they deliver over their prisoners. Mr. Dickson insists that the women be set free before the money is paid, and thus the matter stands.

Mayor Low Is Alert.

New York, Jan. 4.—Mayor Low has discovered that Tammany is planning to steal some of the fruits of the fusion victory by the use of large sums of money in buying the support of some of the fusion members of the board of aldermen.

UNITED STATES SENATOR THURSTON,

The Brilliant Statesman from Nebraska, Makes an Important Public Utterance.



INTERIOR OF UNITED STATES SENATE CHAMBER.

Ex-Senator John M. Thurston, of Omaha, Nebraska, is one of the most prominent and influential men in the country. He made the speech nominating President McKinley at the St. Louis convention, and was made permanent Chairman of this convention. He was also made Chairman of the convention that re-nominated President McKinley at Philadelphia. He was recently appointed by President McKinley Chairman of the St. Louis Exposition Commission.

This prominent gentleman recently wrote the following letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio:

Washington, D. C., April 6, 1901.

"I have used Peruna at various times during the past year or two with most satisfactory results.

"It entirely relieved me from an irritating cough—the result of excessive effort in the presidential campaign, and I am a firm believer in its efficacy for any such trouble."—Jno. M. Thurston.

Catarh has already become a national curse. Its ravages extend from ocean to ocean.

More than one-half of the people are affected by it. It has become such a serious matter that it has passed the boundaries of the medical profession and become a national question. Senators are talking about it; Congressmen are discussing it.

They are not only considering the extent and chronic nature of the disease, but the possibility of finding a national remedy to meet this national calamity.

The catarrh remedy, Peruna, seems to be the main expectation in this direction.

Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, devised the remedy, Peruna, over forty years ago, and the remedy as a catarrh cure has been

growing in favor steadily all these years.

It stands to-day before the nation as a thoroughly tested, accurately scientific internal remedy for catarrh. There are practically no medicinal rivals in the field.

Peruna is not a local application or temporary relief; it is a permanent cure. Peruna is a systemic remedy. It eradicates catarrh from the system. It cures catarrh wherever located. Its cures are radical and lasting.

Therefore, Peruna is receiving the indorsement of the leading statesmen and history-makers of the day.

Address the Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a book of testimonials, containing letters from prominent men and women concerning Peruna.

An Explanation.

He—Your friend, Miss Dashaway, has quite a military air about her.

She—No wonder. She has participated in no fewer than 17 engagements.—Chicago Daily News.

I am sure Pike's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. F. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Not Few Experts.

The life work of most of us consists in making a living, and it is deplorable how comparatively few experts there are in the business.—Puck.

Cure your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tonic.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The most bitter arguments are those in which neither person has any definite information in regard to the subject.—Puck.

Stops the Cough and Works OF the Lungs.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

Most Important to Us.

Teacher.—Tell me some of the most important things existing to-day which did not exist 100 years ago.

Tommy.—Us.—Stray Stories.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, per package, than any other.

Each succeeding year finds the uneducated million less surprised to hear that diamonds and coal are the same substance.—Puck.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Rheumatism? Do You Have Bladder or Uric Acid Trouble?

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakable evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow. Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble may steal upon you.

The mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle free, by mail.

Backache and Urinary Trouble.

Among the many famous investigated cures of Swamp-Root the one we publish this week for the benefit of our readers, speaks in the highest terms of the wonderful curative properties of this great kidney remedy.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN:—When I wrote you last March for a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, my wife was a great sufferer from backache, rheumatism and urinary trouble. After trying the sample bottle, she bought a large bottle here at the drug store. That did her so much good she bought more. The effect of Swamp-Root was wonderful and almost immediate. She has felt no return of the old trouble since Oct., 1901.

F. THOMAS, 427 East St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lame back is only one symptom of kidney trouble—one of many. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times at night, inability to hold your urine, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid, constant headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, irregular heart-beating, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

If your water when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys need immediate attention.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

To Prove What SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder

Remedy, Will do for YOU, Every Reader of our paper May Have a Sample Bottle Absolutely Free by Mail.

If you have the slightest symptom of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials. In order that your request for sample bottle may have immediate attention be sure and mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.



O'BRYAN'S GREAT CLEARING SALE

Having Bought my Goods at 50cts on the Dollar
I am Prepared to Sell at Lowest Prices!

50 McIntoshes, worth \$5 to \$7
will sell for \$1.40.

100 Overcoats worth \$5 to \$14.50
Present price \$1 to \$6.50.

100 Mens Suits worth \$10 to \$15
Present price \$4 to \$6.

2000 Mens Collar, worth 15c, present
price 5 cents.

Mens Hats 25 cts up.

100 new pieces Calico, 4c up.

50 pr Mens Boots, 1.00 up.

10 Bales Batts worth 8 to 12 cents
Present price 5c to 7 1-2 cents.

Ladies Hats, worth \$4 to \$8
Present price \$1 to \$2.50

100 Boys Suits, worth \$1.50 to \$12
Present price 50cts to \$7.

Ladies Tailored Suits worth \$12
to \$18, Present price \$5.

Ladies Jackets and Capes MUST GO at some price. Call at once if you want one.

2000 PAIRS OF SHOES THAT ARE NEW AND UP-TO-DATE
BOUGHT RIGHT, SELL 'EM RIGHT.

O'BRYAN. OPERA HOUSE BLOCK O'BRYAN.
MARION, KY.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, - Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

OBITUARIES:—Not exceeding 10 lines
will be published free of charge. All
over 10 lines at 5 cents per line.
RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT:—\$1.00

ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce
OLLIE M. JAMES
a candidate to represent the First Dis-
trict of Kentucky in Congress, subject
to the action of the Democratic party.

Old man "Small-Pox" continues
to daily with the tax-rate.

The Supreme court of the Uni-
ted States upholds the McChord
railroad law of Kentucky. Judge
Evans held that the law was un-
constitutional; the Supreme court
reversed him, and now the rail-
roads must hold themselves amen-
able to the law, which gives the
railroad commissioners of the state
power to prevent the roads from
charging extortionate freight or
passenger rates.

The old problem of making an
appropriation for building a new
state house at Frankfort will put
in its appearance again this ses-
sion of the Legislature. It comes
so regular, and is so manifestly in
need of a settlement once and for
all, that it is to be hoped that an
adequate appropriation will be
made. The old house is not large
enough; it is going to decay; it is
not worthy of the proud old com-
monwealth. There is not a State
in the South half so poorly equip-
ped with a building. We do not
like to bring up the rear in any
kind of a contest nor look like
thirty cents in any kind of com-
parison.

When the doctors all agree and
become one harmonious whole,
that time pictured by the prophet
as the lamb and lion lying down
together will have arrived. How-
ever, as the lion has yet to be im-
ported, and the lamb season is not
at hand, the rattling of bones in
getting together is not likely to
be heard before the dog-wood blos-
soms come again.

It is a difficult matter to make a
very accurate estimate of the val-
ue of minerals shipped from this
section. The companies handling
zinc and spar, like any other busi-
ness organizations, do not give
out their figures with the profligacy
of a chairman of a political party
just prior to a convention. How-
ever, three of the companies
handling the outputs of as many
mines, have kindly given the
Press an estimate of shipments.
These figures will be run else-
where in this paper, and they are
sufficient to show that the indus-
try is growing. Two of the com-
panies have been in operation only
about six months, and a great
deal of that time was consumed in
opening their mines. They are
now in good shape and expect to
increase their business largely this
year. Comparatively, they occupy
a very small portion of the mine-
ral district; hundreds of acres of
mineral lands under leases have
not been developed, and hundreds
of acres are still unoccupied by
the prospector or miner. This
year is sure to see more capital in
the field, greater activity and a
larger shipment of minerals than
ever before. The outlook is en-
couraging.

Bile and all other obstructions
to good health are immediately re-
moved from the Liver, Stomach,
and Bowels by Morley's Little Li-
ver Pills for Bilious People. Su-
gar coated. One a dose.

APPROPRIATION

For Smallpox Physicians Made
By Court of Claims.

The court of claims was in ses-
sion Saturday. Magistrates Pos-
tethwaite, Conger, McKinney,
Harpending, Hamilton, Robinson
and Todd were present. Judge
Rochester presided.

Drs T. A. Fraser and W. J. J.
Paris addressed the court on the
smallpox question.

The following appropriations
were made by the court:

Dr. T. A. Frazer was allowed
\$132.55 for services rendered in
the smallpox cases to date.

Dr. W. J. J. Paris was allowed
\$151.90 for services rendered in
the smallpox cases to date.

It was also ordered that a sum
be appropriated to pay all claims
for supplies furnished persons un-
der quarantine.

The sum of \$20 was allowed for
the Hill Home Fund.

C. L. Hill and Geo. N. Moore
were released from paying a poll
tax.

Mr. D. Woods was appointed by
the court to make a settlement
with John T. Pickens, sheriff, for
year 1901, for county levy.

Contracts Canceled.

Owing to the smallpox scare,
Manager Walker, of the Opera
House, has canceled all engage-
ments for the month of January.
"A Run on The Bank" will not
appear here.

Col. H. W. J. Ham, who was ad-
vertised for Friday evening will
appear later in the season.

Gov. Bob Taylor was to deliver
his lecture, "Life on the Old Plan-
tation" at the Opera House Jan.
20th. This engagement was can-
celed and Mr. Taylor will not
lecture in this city until April.

MINERAL SHIPMENTS.

The Companies named have kindly supplied the
Press with the following data:

The Fluor Spar Co., since June 1, 1901, has shipped
2550 tons of fluor spar.

Kentucky Fluor Spar Co. during 1901, shipped 7648
tons of fluor spar

Blue & Nunn, since June 1, have shipped from the
"Old Jim" mines 1700 tons of carbonate of zinc.

STATE NEWS.

The appropriations for which
the Kentucky Legislature will be
asked aggregate about \$2,000,000,
including \$1,000,000 for a new cap-
ital.

Senator Deboe, former Lieut.
Gov. John Marshall, and David
W. Fairleigh, have been summon-
ed to appear before the Franklin
county grand jury to tell the de-
tails of a certain conference held
in Louisville during the contest
for the governorship in 1899.

The friends of former Gov. Mo-
Creary favor a joint Democratic
caucus not later than Thursday
night of this week for nominating
a candidate for United States Sen-
ator. Friends of some of the other
candidates say there is no reason
for holding the caucus earlier
than Monday night.

The formal opening of the Jan-
uary term of the Court of Appeals
was attended by no unusual cere-
mony. Chief Justice Paynter re-
tired as Chief Justice and sits as
an Associate Justice, Judge B.
L. D. Guffey assuming the duties
of Chief Justice and becoming
the executive officer of the court.

The Supreme Court of the Uni-
ted States decided two cases
against the railroads of Kentucky

In one the McChord act fixing
rates is held to be constitutional;
in the other the long and short
haul clause is upheld.

A big oil boom has struck Chris-
tian, Todd and Muhlenberg coun-
ties. Twelve companies have been
organized in the past few weeks.
They have leased thousands of
acres of lands in these counties
and will begin work soon. Several
contracts for boring wells have al-
ready been let.

It is said that Henry E. Yout-
sey will take the stand for Jim
Howard, and will testify that the
only two men in the office of the
Secretary of State when Gov. Go-
bel was shot were Sheriff Burton,
of Breckinridge county and Dr.
Johnson, of Jackson county, both
of whom are now dead.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice
President of the Illinois Woman's Alli-
ance, in speaking of Chamberlain's
Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with
a severe cold this winter, which threat-
ened to run into pneumonia. I tried dif-
ferent remedies but I seemed to grow
worse and the medicine upset my stom-
ach. A friend advised me to try Cham-
berlain's Cough Remedy, and I found it
was pleasant to take and it relieved me
at once. I am now entirely recovered,
saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering
and I will never be without this splen-
did medicine again." At Haynes,

Princeton District—2d

Marion Station, Jan 5, 6, 1902
Grand Rivers, at Groves, Jan
12.
Salem, at Salem, Jan 12, 13.
Smithland Circuit, at Thomp-
Jan 18, 19.
Smithland Station, Jan 19, 20.
Cadiz, at Bethel, Jan 25, 26.
Marion Circuit, Mt Zion, Feb
Star Lime Works, at Sardis,
8, 9.

Kuttawa, at Kuttawa, 9, 10.
Tolu, at Tolu, Feb 15, 16.
Princeton, at Princeton, Feb
Dawson at St. Charles, Feb
Lamasco, at Friendship, Ma-
Eddyville, at Eddyville, Ma-
The District Confer-
Greenville, Ky., March 26
1902. A full attendance
eired.

J. W. Bigham, P.

Farm for Sale.

172 acres—125 acres creek
farm, perfectly level; two good
houses; plenty of stock
about half of farm in grass
clover. Terms and price re-
able. Located near Hum-
camp ground.

R. G. Carr
Tolu.

Farm for Sale.

240 acres, one mile east
lem, on the Salem and
road. A fine orchard, exten-
sive buildings, good land and
stock water the year round.
sell for a reasonable price
third cash, balance on time.

J. S. Lowe
Salem.

Strayed.

A red and white spotted
from Marion, about ten days
Had a bell on attached to
strap; 9 years old; fresh in
four weeks. Will pay for
information or return.

George T.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher
WALTER WALKER, Manager.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

Ollie James is in Frankfort.

Mr. C. S. Nunn was in Chicago last week.

Mr. A. J. Duvall is able to be out again.

Capt Haase, of Salem, was in town Monday.

Mr. P. H. Woods has been ill for several days.

Mr. Harry Oppenheimer was in Paducah last week.

Mr. J. F. Wyatt of Fredonia was in town yesterday.

W. H. Copher has returned from Marion, Ill.

Patronize the Eclipse Laundry, Kearney Blue, agent.

Albert Travis, the new Jailer, moved to town last week.

Rev. Price conducted services at the C. P. church Sunday.

Deputy Warden Olive, of Ed- dyville, was in town last week.

Quarterly meeting was held at the Methodist church Sunday.

Building lumber of every de- scription at Boston & Walker's.

Mrs. John T. Franks and chil- dren have returned from Paducah.

Next Monday is county court day. Judge Towery will preside.

Mrs. Hasman, of Union county, is the guest of Mrs. T. A. Conway.

FOR SALE—A good milch cow with calf. R. F. Wheeler.

Mr. Steve Nations has been ap- pointed postmaster at Fords Fer- ry.

The Hill Home Fund continues to increase. Are you a contribu- tor?

Miss Stella Thurman, of this city, visited friends at Sturgis last week.

Mr. D. A. Robertson, of Moun- tain Grove, was in this city last week.

Mr. T. H. Threlkeld, of Glym- p, Tenn., is visiting relatives in this county.

If you want satisfactory work see that Kearney Blue gets your laundry.

The Courier-Journal Almanac for 1902, can be secured at Haynes' drug store.

The Press desires a good cor- respondent at Tolu, Fredonia and Dycusburg.

President P. S. Maxwell, of the Fluor Spar Company, was in Pa- ducah last week.

James Hicklin is the Magnet Laundry agent, with headquarters at Stone & McConnell's.

Mr. Freeman Hurley and family have returned to Carmi, Ill., after a visit with relatives here.

Full of information is the Cour- ier-Journal Almanac. On sale at Haynes' drug store.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Woods, of Decatur, Ill., are the guests of re- latives at this place.

The retiring magistrates were given a handsome dinner at the Gill House Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam A. Nunn, of Bella Mines, were the guests of Dr T. A. Frazer this week.

Save your laundry for Kearney Blue, agent for Eclipse Laundry. Satisfactory work guaranteed.

Mrs. Tom Cobb King, who has been visiting in this city, return- ed to her home in Pittsburg this week.

For flooring, ceiling, weather- boarding, window frames, wind- ows, doors, or shingles go to Bos- ton & Walker. Their prices are right.

Dr Grassham, of Salem, was in town Monday.

Mr E. W. Dalton, of Crider was in town Tuesday.

Dr. J. V. Hayden, of Salem was in town Monday.

Mr R. F. Haynes was in Louis- ville several days last week.

Mr J. T. Alexander, of Madi- sonville, was in town yesterday.

Mr Percy Nagels and family of DeKoven, are visiting relatives here.

George Clement left yesterday for Louisville, to enter a medical college.

Mrs Tom Dempsey died at her home in the Bella Mines neigh- borhood last week.

Sheriff J. Watts Lamb has se- lected W. S. Hicklin and Joel A. C. Pickens as his deputies.

Miss Anna Finley closed her school at New Salem last week, and returned to her home in this city.

Mr. Johnson, our popular depot agent, is one of the most skillful ball tossers that ever struck this town.

Mrs Carrie Maxwell and son, Mr. P. D. Maxwell, left Sunday for DeLand, Fla., to spend the winter.

Mr R. T. Black and Miss Fan- nie Springs were married at the home of the bride's father in Cald- well county.

Mrs. Sue Adams will not open her private school for little chil- dren until Jan. 20th, owing to the smallpox scare.

The masked skating party given by Mr. Tom Hearin at his skating rink, Thursday evening, was a most enjoyable affair.

Miss Mary Finley entertained a number of her little friends in a most delightful manner Wednes- day evening of last week.

John Truitt reached his home in this county last week, after an absence of three years in the ar- my; he was in the Philippines a portion of the time.

You had better come and get some of our ceiling and eil your house before another cold spell.

J. R. Clark Planing Mill Co.

A dance was enjoyed by a num- ber of the young people of the city Tuesday evening at the opera house. The music was furnished by the Sturgis orchestra.

Boston & Walker carry a large stock of building lumber and al- ways sell at rock bottom prices. If you need a single or car load of lumber see them.

We are requested to announce that Eld. E. S. Rowe, pastor of the Christian church at Salem, will preach at the Union church, at that place, Saturday night, Sun- day and Sunday night, Jan. 12th and 13th.

Messrs. Walter Walker, Henry Haynes, James Ingram and Ern- est Carnahan entertained their friends at the residence of Mr. R. C. Walker, Wednesday evening, Jan. 1st. The evening was pleas- antly spent by the forty guests.

Mr. H. P. Brown, a well known farmer of the Lola neighborhood, died at his home Thursday, after a lingering illness. The burial took place Friday. Rev LaRue con- ducted the funeral services.

Mr Brown was sixty-six years old. He was a good citizen and a devoted christian.

On January 4th Messrs. C. E. Doss and Gus Taylor dissolved partnership in the liquor business. The business will be continued by Mr. Doss. Mr. Taylor will likely go into another line of business in our city. He is one of the best known young business men in Ma- rion, affable and courteous, of un- exceptionable habits, popular with his fellows, and the Press pre- dicts that whatever future busi- ness he may engage in he will make a success of it.

Marriage Licenses.

Jan. 4. A. A. Tudor to Anna A King.

Jan. 7. Harry Bennett to Miss Melvina Fox.

Saloon License Granted.

License for the operation of sa- loons in this city during the year 1902 were issued Monday to Messrs. Wm. Harrison and C. E. Doss, by the city council. The cost of the license is \$750, an in- crease of \$250 over the cost of last year.

Blacksmith Sues Smithland.

Matt L. Mayhugh, the well known blacksmith, through his attorney, W. I. Clarke, has filed suit in the circuit court against the town of Smithland for \$250, claiming to have been damaged in that amount by water flooding his shop on Dec. 13.

Church Subscriptions.

All subscriptions made for the Baptist church at Baker is now due. We need the money at once. Please call and settle.

T. W. Walker,
E. E. Nunn,
A. B. Crisp,
Marless King,
Committee.

The Hill Home Fund.

Contributions continue to come in for the Hill Home Fund. The court of claims made an allowance Saturday of \$20 for the fund; oth- er contributions received:

C. P. church, Fredonia, \$1 00
Jesse Olive, " 1 00
Cash, Fulton, " 1 00

For lumber, doors and sash, J. R. Clark Planing Mill Co. is the place.

A Long Absence.

Mr. Earl Rice, of Mediapolis, Iowa, arrived here yesterday to visit his sister, Mrs. Kitty Doyle, and niece, Mrs. A. Pickett.

Mr. Rice was born in this coun- ty, near Hampton, but moved to Iowa in 1843, fifty-eight years ago. This is his first visit to Kentucky since his departure in '43. He is about seventy years of age and is remembered by some of our older citizens.—Livingston Banner.

Roll of Honor.

The following have paid their subscriptions to the Press since our last issue:

J. L. Chandler, Marion.
Isaac Conger, "
J. G. Lemon, "
N. A. Chandler, "
Jack Crider, "
J. W. Jennings, "
W. H. Wood, Bayou.
D. N. Stinson, Norris City, Ill.
Steve Nations, Fords Ferry,
T. M. Thomason, Marion.
Horace Williamson, "
E. W. Dalton, Crider.
Martha Blick, Poe.
Mrs Wallace Bennett, Carrsville
Geo Clement, Louisville.

Deeds Recorded.

Oscar T. Stone to Ed. Brown, 35 acres near Tolu, \$500.

Jesse G. Baker to J. H. Pace, interest in land, \$148.

D. B. Kevil and J. R. Clark to Sherman Franklin, interest in mill

W. M. Wright to Geo W. Rog- ers, 5 acres on Deer creek, \$300.

Bird M. Donald to W. B. Mc- Donald, exchange of land.

R. C. Walker to W. T. Terry, lot in Marion.

Andrew J. Belt to Rufus Rob- inson, interest in land.

R. Robinson to C. T. Robinson, interest in land, \$100.

E. T. Robinson to Wm T. Ter- ry, interest in land, \$100.

Clark, Kevil & Co. to Marion Milling Company, Marion Roller Mills.

A. Dewey & Co. to Marion Mil- ling Co., City Mills.

T. J. Myers to David Vaughan, 15 acres on Deer Creek

James M. Freeman to John T. Pickens, lot in Marion adjoining C. P. church, \$1,000.

Entertained.

The most enjoyable of all the holiday entertainments was the one given the Naormi club by Mrs G. M. Crider and Mrs T. H. Coch- ran at the residence of Mrs. Crider on Bellville street, Tuesday day afternoon, Dec. 31st, in honor of Mrs. Tom Cobb King, of Pitts- burg, Pa., and Miss Benn Hill, of Cadron, Ky.

The programme arranged by Mesdames Cochran and Crider, was very interesting. The first was a musical contest. Some of our best musical talent is in the club, yet when this test came some did not know a "note," all grasped the "staff," and readily got the key; a few lost the "chords" and could not see the lines; none could get the "pitch," none recognized the "choir," it was no trouble to fill the measure; only one could give a "medley".

The literary contest was more easily managed. Most of the ques- tions were answered, yet only one member could tell who wrote About Ben Adhen.

After the contests were closed and prizes awarded, refreshments were served. These, with the mu- sic rendered by Mrs. S. M. Jen- kins, and Mrs. Inghram, added much to the enjoyment of the af- ternoon.

As the last rays of light of the dying day and year seemed to linger around the horizon, so each guest lingered, enjoying and ap- preciating the pleasure thus affor- ded them in this home.

1901 is gone; nothing left but memories of what it has brought. This afternoon in the home of Mrs Crider will be one of the pleasant memories in the hearts of all who were there.

New Butcher Shop.

We have opened a new butcher shop opposite the Gill House and will be glad to have our patrons call. Nice fresh meat always on hand. Thanking our friends for patronage in the past, we remain, Very respectfully,
Murphy & Beard.

Notice.

The firm of C. E. Doss & Co. dissolved partnership by mutual consent on January 4, 1902. The business will be continued by C. E. Doss. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of C. E. Doss & Co., by note or ac- count, will please come forward and settle. C. E. Doss, Gus Taylor.

GIVENS'

Meat Market.

We handle nothing but choice meats. Call on us for

Breakfast Bacon,
Sugar-cured Hams,
Sausages of all Kinds,
Corn Beef,
Boneless and California

Hams,
Salted and Smoked Backs,
Dressed Poultry,
Kettle-rendered Lard,
Beef Steaks 10, 12½, 15cts.
Roast 8 and 10cts.

We will appreciate your patron- age, and will supply you with the best meats the market affords.

J. W. Givens & Son.,
Phone 37. Marion, Ky.

TWO POPULAR YOUNG LADIES.



MISS CLARA NUNN
Winner of the prize in THE PRESS vot- ing contest, receiving 1908 votes.



MISS CARRIE MOORE
Second in strength in the contest, receiving 1811 votes.

NEW COUNCILMEN.

Take the Oath of Office.—Kevil the New Police Judge.

Monday evening the new city council took charge of the munici- pal government. Hon. John W. Blue will run the city as Mayor for another year. The councilmen are G. C. Gray, A. M. Hearin, A. J. Duvall, A. J. Pickens, T. J. Vandell and Lewis Clifton.

Mr. J. Bell Kevil succeeds Mr. A. M. Gilbert as Police Judge.

The council will select a mar- shal and city attorney and other city officers at the regular month- ly meeting Tuesday night, Jan. 14th. City marshal Cannan will be re-elected and Mr. John A. Moore will doubtless continue to act as city attorney.

Sunday evening, at the Baptist church, the members of Mr. J. H. Morse's Sunday school class will compete for an elegant gold medal offered by Mr. Morse for the best essay written on some subject con- nected with the Sunday school lessons of the past year. There are five contestants. The members of the other Sunday Schools of the city are cordially invited to be present. The contest will prove both entertaining and instructive.

LOST—In Marion, a number of notes and accounts. No good to any one other than myself. Finder will please return to me and be re- warded. H. Koltinsky,

We have a lot of plain sash win- dows and are able to make you good prices just now.
J. R. Clark Planing Mill Co.

City Ordinance.

The city Council of the city of Marion, Kentucky, do ordain as follows:

That Section 1 (e) of ordinance No. 2, of the ordinances of the City of Marion, Kentucky, passed and approved by the City Council of the City of Marion, Kentucky, May the 9th, 1899, entitled, "Elec- tion of City Officers and Salaries" be and the same is hereby amend- ed by striking out all that portion of same commencing with the word "same", in line three, and ending with the word "cases," in line six, so that said section when amended will read as follows: That the City Attorney shall be allowed for his services the same fees and commissions that are al- lowed by law to the County Attor- ney.

Passed and approved January 2, 1902.

J. W. Blue, Jr., Mayor.
J. C. Bourland, Clerk.

If you don't find me when you come for doors, windows or lum- ber, Mr Ed McNeely will be here to wait on you.

J. R. Clark Planing Mill Co.
By O. H. Paris.

CHILDREN ESPECIALLY LIABLE

Burns, bruises and cuts are extremely painful, and if neglected often result in blood poisoning. Children are especial- ly liable to such mishaps because not so careful. As a remedy DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of counterfeits. Sur- cure for piles. "DeWitt's Witch Haze Salve cured my baby of eczema" after two physicians gave her up," writes Ja- Mock, N. Webster, Ind., "The sore were so bad she soiled from two to five dresses each day." For sale at Hayne's drug store.

Still in the Ring!

I am still in the lumber business, with the J. R. Clark Planing Mill Co.

Floring, Ceiling, Siding, Shingles Laths and all Kinds of Building Material, Doors, Windows and Blinds.

Don't buy until you get our prices. Send us your orders and they will be filled promptly.

All kinds of shop work on short notice. Door and Window Frames made to order.

You can order by phone No. 70 at our mill, or at my farm No. 110, where I will be nt night.

O. H. PARIS,
For J. R. Clark Planing Mill Co.

In New Quarters!

The R. C. Haynes Grocery is now in the building formerly occupied by Pierce & Sons Hardware Store. There you will find a full and complete stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Everything new and fresh. Country Produce bought at highest prices.

A VIOLIN SOLO

BY F. H. LANCASTER.

After Eleanor had pushed her hair back with both hands and said she would never, never so much as think about it, the question of Aunt Euba's will appeared to be settled so far as the Valcombs were concerned.

What Henry Walton said and did, no one knew. He was a lonely man, living somewhere in lodgings, and had no confidant.

The Valcombs sighed in secret. Half a hundred thousand dollars seemed such a desirable adjunct; but of course Eleanor was right. No one wished her to make an uncongenial marriage for the barefaced purpose of replenishing the family purse. Still it might not have been uncongenial. If only she would consent to investigate. But at the suggestion she whirled upon them.

"Mamma," and then, in direct scorn: "You people must think me bereft of self-respect."

Later on she set aside heretics and told them that she would work for them cheerfully, but that she would not sell herself for pelf. No; not if ten thousand Aunt Eubas made as many thousand conditional wills and left the wealth of the Indies in fee simple. And this, indeed, did settle it.

Eleanor returned to town and her small rooms up six flights, and went to work on her cartoons with redoubled energy. The rest of the family remained in the country trying to realize that Aunt Euba had died at last and left her namesake—penniless. Their castles had tumbled about their ears. And Henry Walton? Nobody knew anything about him, not even where he lived.

Eleanor worked hard, telling herself between whiles that she was not disappointed; that she had never expected to inherit anything from her cranky relative. "It is nobler to earn one's bread by the sweat of one's brow than to live at ease in one's own town house." But—well, after a series of rounds with the editors, the sweat of the brow seemed to be more in evidence than either nobleness or bread.

It was with a distinct sigh that the young cartoonist put away the remains of her simple supper and sank down on the rug before the fire. And then it was that she first heard the violin. Some one in the next room began playing—a low sweet reverie of sound as though the player was dreaming of other days. Eleanor found herself forgetting the harassing present and drifting backward to the times of her careless-hearted childhood when she was a wild young tomboy with all a boy's sense of humor and a girl's willfulness. Well, she had wound up by drawing cartoons. She was making a living for herself and helping the home folk. Not much compared with all those beautiful poetic ideals of youth, but still something. This was the frame of mind that she left with her and she went to bed grateful for contentment.

The next evening she hurried through her tea and laid down on the rug in eager anticipation. The violin did not fall her. Softly, sweetly as before, it began its story. But it was no longer her story that it told. She felt her sympathies yearning vaguely toward an unknown sadness. What was it the violin whispered of as it faltered on through those bars of exquisite melancholy? Woodlands without, songs of birds, fields of flowers with the hum of bees—lonely, lonely—solitude, as of mountains snow-capped and desolate.

It came to her at last that it was the heart of the player that had crept into the violin's song; without pausing to reflect Eleanor felt suddenly sorry for her unknown neighbor. Sympathy rushed in with a gush of warmth and the violin faltered on. She fell to dreaming and for the first time in many months her own ego did not obscure her vision. Compared to that lovely life next door how much had she to be thankful for!

Evening after evening through that long dark winter the violin's music stole out upon the sixth-story stillness, singing so sweetly its wistful song; and day by day the girl gained in strength and purity. The editors no longer received her work with a wrinkle between their brows, but occasionally their eyes creased at the corners, and their cheeks grew larger. Eleanor thanked them with her lips, but her heart gave its gratitude to the violin.

One day they met; it was strange that they had not met before since both had lived so long on the same floor, and Eleanor did not know that he was the man who played the violin. But that night she found a new note in the solo and the next day she went about with a half-formed conviction that she would speak to him before she slept.

Sometimes coming events, even though intangible, do cast foreboding shadows. She had just curled herself up in the firelight when his knock rang against her door.

"Come in," she called and scrambled to her feet.

He took her at her word and came in, closing the door behind him; not even heeding her "to pardon the intrusion."

"I found these in the hall and knew that they must be yours," he explained, laying a handful of loose leaves on the table.

"Why thank you. When the girl righted up in here to-day she must have thrown them out as trash." "She made a big mistake. They are good. I enjoyed them before I brought them up. In fact it taxed my honesty to part with them." "Nonsense," she laughed. "They are only in the rough."

"Have you any finished work on hand? I should like to see it if you have. Of course I see the papers, but it is not like seeing the original."

"Why, yes," Eleanor was a little dashed by his ease, but she arose to the occasion and pointed out a slim package on the table.

"They will be submitted to-morrow."

The violinist drew a chair to the table and sat down without further parley.

"Thank you so much," he said, earnestly, as he opened the wrappings.

Eleanor turned on the light and sat down in the big chair opposite. There really seemed nothing else for her to do.

While he pored over the drawings in silence and the fire flickered softly, she stole furtive glances at his bent head. He was not good-looking; the features were too firm and clear-cut, the eyes too eager; but she liked his face.

He started up at last and stood with his back to the fire looking down at her.

"I wonder," he said, slowly, "if you realize what it is to be crowned with a talent like that. I intend to come in often and make you understand that you are a wonderfully-gifted woman. May I?"

"I will be glad to have you come," she answered with grave courtesy, "but I prefer criticisms to compliments. They are more helpful."

"Nonsense," he responded, promptly, "you will get criticisms enough from the outside. What one wants from one's friends is something to keep the heart in its right place. Don't you believe that? Don't you believe if you were down on your luck it would help you more for me to come in with a lot of tea-cakes and roses and help you fix up a dainty tea-table while I assured you that you were a genius and bound to win out than if I were to come in with a rule and a pencil and an austere look and prove to you that you had failed to carry out your idea in some trivial detail?"

"Perhaps," she admitted. Then, with a sudden determination not to leave all the nerve on his side: "But I know of something else that would help me even more than tea-cakes and roses."

"What is that?"

"To have you come in with your violin and play some of those delicious solos that make one forget that anything mean or trivial ever existed; that keeps telling one over and over that life is grandly sweet after all, even though it is sad at heart."

The young fellow flushed furiously and faced around quickly toward the fire.

"I beg your pardon"—she began.

"Oh, it is all right," he interrupted hurriedly. "Only," with a shy laugh, "only I'm in the hardware business and never play before people."

There was a short silence before he faced around again with the first hint of hesitation he had shown since entering the room.

"If I come in and play for you, will you show me your drawings?"

"Yes," she agreed, and added: "With pleasure."

"Thank you." He held out his hand and Eleanor put hers into it without a moment's hesitation. It was what one might have expected. Given two lonely young people with congenial tastes and spring coming on, it could not well help but happen. Both had had some premonition of it from the first. And the violin was no better than a bird for keeping secrets. The trembling gladness that had fluttered through its sweetness ever since that first meeting, burst one April evening into fully throated song, then ceased abruptly. Eleanor felt the blood leaving her lips when she heard his step in the hall.

"Don't turn up the light," he begged as he closed the door and came toward her. "I want to talk to you."

Yet after he had shaken hands and sat down near her, he left Eleanor to anatomize the dumb spirit that possessed her, in silence.

"Do you know something," he began at last. "I don't believe you know my name, and I know only your initials. In my thoughts you are always Ev."

The cartoonist recovered power of speech with a nervous laugh.

"That is easily remedied. My name is Eleanor Valcomb."

"Eleanor Valcomb! Not the niece of that old Miss Eleanor Euba! Oh, Lord! And I have sworn that I would never marry you!"

"Well," recovering slowly from the shock, "you needn't."

"Needn't," he repeated. "Do you think I could go on living knowing that you were somewhere in the world and I not near you? We've got to get rid of it all some way. We must stand by each other."

"Ev," Walton had slipped into the seat beside her and was regarding her ruefully. "I didn't mean to upset you this way. You understand, don't you? I've loved you all along—I meant to give you time! He gathered up her hands awkwardly. "I, you understand. I couldn't wait any longer. It is all right, isn't it?"

For a moment Eleanor forgot Aunt Euba's detestable will.

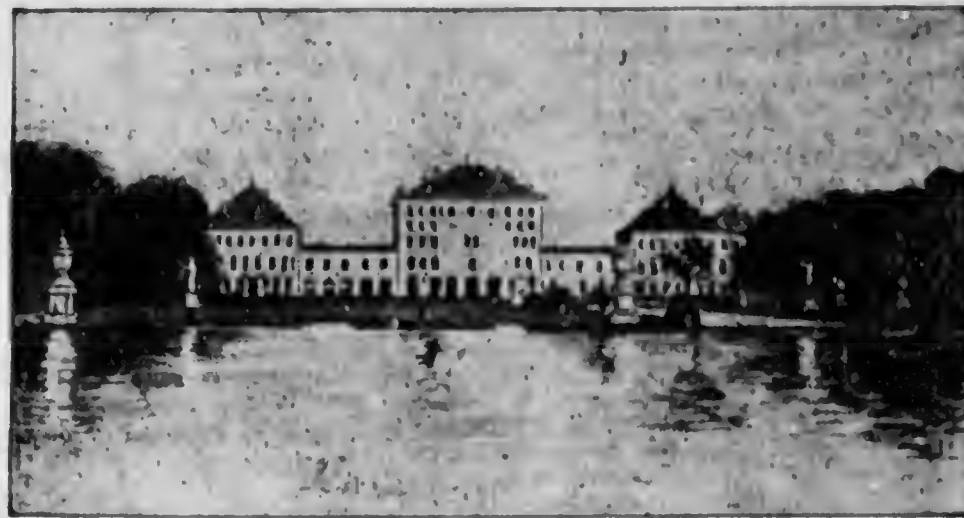
"Yes," she said, softly. "It is all right."

That night the violin solo was one wild burst of riotous gladness.

A Royal Rip Van Winkle

King Otto of Bavaria, After Having Been a Maniac for Twenty-Six Years, Regains Health and Reason.

THE ways of Providence are indeed inscrutable. Icomelasts of every age and country have denied, with vituperation and vehemence, the possibility of miracles, and yet every day God works wonders that are beyond the comprehension of the human brain. Twenty-five years ago Prince Otto of Bavaria became a raving maniac and had to be confined in the castle of Fuesenried. He imagined himself to be either a dog or a pig, would not allow himself to be touched and lay for days on the floor kicking his heels. His clothes were never changed until they fell to pieces. In the few lucid intervals of his life he was the victim of acute melancholia, at others of homicidal mania. Disease in its most loathsome form took hold of him, and his physical collapse seemed inevitable.



ONE OF THE BAVARIAN PALACES OWNED BY KING OTTO.

And now comes the startling news that the miracle has been performed. Otto, for a quarter of a century a filthy animal and worse than a leper, has reawakened to sanity and health, and may demand to be placed on the royal throne of Bavaria, to which he succeeded in 1886, upon the death of his erratic brother, the unhappy Ludwig II. Fortunately for the powers that be, Otto is not conscious that he is king. Twenty-six years of history are missing from his knowledge. He asks after his mother, Luise Marie, and King Ludwig, both of whom, of course, have long been dead. What will happen when the true state of affairs is broken to him, how his frail mind will bear the shock, is not easy to predict.

Certain it is, however, that should his recovery be permanent, Otto's title to the crown cannot be withstood; and the aged Prince Luitpold, who has been regent since 1886, will have to retire. Prince Luitpold, whose eightieth birthday was recently celebrated with increased enthusiasm, is the king's uncle. He commenced his regency as

the best-hated man in Bavaria, but has discharged the duties of his high office so admirably that suspicion has given place to confidence and esteem. He is a great believer in national unity and has frequently declared himself as a German prince first and a Bavarian ruler afterward. On the other hand, Otto, before losing his mind, bitterly opposed such an acknowledgment of Bavarian inferiority and expressed genuine hatred for Prussia.

In view of this condition of affairs the question arises whether the Bavarian court and ministers will care to assume the responsibility of intrusting the throne to their titular king and take the chances of open rebellion against the federation at whose head stands Emperor William, backed by the armies of a mighty nation. Whatever may happen, Bavaria will not be

allowed to secede from the German empire, even if she has to be forced back into the American union.

Should the Bavarian ministers decline to make a dynastic change, the kingdom would, on Prince Luitpold's demise, pass to his son Ludwig, who is described as an ideal royal personage, possessed of an immense private fortune, which he uses for charity. He is married to the Archduchess Austria-Este-Modena, who is the head of the elder line of Stuart, and who, the White Rose legends of England claim, should now be queen of England. She is descended from Henrietta Mary, the eighth daughter of Charles I, while the late Queen Victoria was descended from a daughter of James I. Their eldest son, Prince Rupert, also a charming gentleman, in the ordinary course of events would have become king of Bavaria, but the awakening of the royal Rip Van Winkle suggests other and more serious possibilities, among them civil war and its attendant terrors.

Russia Now Controls Manchuria

Muscovite Intrigue and Aggressiveness Triumph Over British Diplomacy and Protests of the Powers.

RUSSIA has a voracious appetite. Forty years ago she began to feed on Chinese territory and ever since she has eaten out of the same platter. The construction of the Trans-Siberian-Manchurian line of railroad, which virtually will connect St. Petersburg with the Pacific coast, and the Boxer uprising of 1900 have furnished her with sundry excuses for invading the rich Chinese province of Manchuria and taking possession of a number of prosperous islands and seaport towns. Great Britain employed the skill of her most distinguished diplomats to frustrate Russia's ambitious plans, but instead of tying the hands of the Muscovite government the representatives of the London foreign office really forced the dismemberment of China's northernmost province. A year ago northern China was

fearing that the Chinese residents of the town might side with their compatriots on the other side of the river, they were routed out of their homes one morning, shot or killed, if they made any resistance, or, fleeing to the river, drowned. Not less than 4,000 persons perished in the carnage, which preceded the virtual occupation of Manchuria by Russian troops.

By bribery and threats the Russian officers won over scores of local governors and magistrates, arranged for the collection of maritime customs by officials wearing Russian uniforms and for the issuing of passes on the Korean and other frontiers by Russian officials.

In order to make her hold on the sea-coast more secure, Russia has built a modern town called Dalny, on the site of the ancient village of Tullenwan. The modern city is complete in every



RUSSIAN SOLDIERS LINING THE AMUR RIVER.

In a state of anarchy. From the Amur river town of Blagovestchensk down to the port of Newchwang life and property are at the mercy of rebellious Manchus and Boxers. While the international forces were occupying Tientsin and Peking, the Russian Cossacks, under command of Gen. Gribsky, occupied every strategic point along the Amur river. The invasion was preceded by what is now known as the massacre of Blagovestchensk, on the north banks of the river. The Chinese brigades, always the bone of that country, had become bold and daring beyond precedent. Russia, on her side of the Amur, viewed the disturbances with pleasure, and when reports reached St. Petersburg that attacks had been made on several railroad stations in Manchuria, Gen. Gribsky was instructed to act on the offensive.

detail, has harbor, public buildings, church, fort, roads, public gardens and boulevards. The only thing it lacks is inhabitants; but such advantages have been offered to prospective citizens that Dalny, which is to be one of the terminals of the Siberian-Manchurian road, will soon be a point of importance. The treaty port of Newchwang, situated a few miles from the new town, although open to other powers, is in reality a Russian harbor, and has been ever since last year's troubles when a Russian general assumed its governorship.

However, much the "guiled jade" may wine, poor Madame Britain cannot dislodge Russia from Manchuria without revolutionizing tradition which has it that the bear never releases the prey upon which its paws have once been laid.

FARMER AND PLANTER. SOIL AND SOIL TREATMENT.

Farmers Run Down as the Result of Bad Management, Not of the Demands of the Crops.

The earth was made for the purpose of growing plants, and it is well and wisely made. The soil is perfectly adapted to growing vegetation. It neither grows weary nor worn out in the work. So perfect is their adaptation to this business, that instead of exhausting the soil, they leave it better by growing in it. The larger the growth upon any given area this year, the larger still is the possible growth next year upon the same soil. Such is the mutual relationship between the powers of the soil and the work of the plants in growing, dying and decaying that it is possible to grow crops continuously upon the same soil, with ever-increasing capacity for growing more and larger crops on the part of the soil. How, then, do farmers get poor? It is the result of bad management, and not of the demands made upon the soil by the growing crops. Vegetation upon an average is 75 per cent. water, 22 per cent. air and only three per cent. soil. Good farming returns to the soil so much of this organized water and air, that it more than compensates for the three per cent. taken from the soil. Hence, it is a mistake to say that the soil is exhausted or made poorer by the small part it furnishes the crop. Then you ask why do we find fields and farms, after years of cultivation, become poor and non-productive? The causes are many. Mainly bad management in plowing when the soil is wet, and in plowing so shallow that the soluble plant food is washed away or leached out by the rain water. Continuous clean culture and burning the waste vegetable matter helps to hasten this condition.

Mechanical condition of the soil: The power of any soil to produce depends largely upon the mechanical condition of the soil. Hard, compact soils will not turn loose their elements of plant food in sufficient quantities to make large crops. A good soil must be finely pulverized soil. Shallow soils with hardpan under them will not yield large crops. They do not permit sufficient root growth. The tender rootlets can not pierce this hardpan in search for food. Again, they do not furnish sufficient water for rapid and full growth. Plants require very large supplies of water to furnish their food in solution and keep up healthy circulation. About three hundred pounds of water must pass through most plants to leave one pound of dry matter. This would require about two thousand pounds to pass through a cornstalk to make one pound of corn, and one pound to pass through a cotton stalk to leave one pound of lint. The soil must be fine and deep and pulverized, not made into mud or mortar. It must also contain rotting vegetable matter to furnish the humus, without which plants can not grow.

Rich soil: Soil in this condition will be rich. It will produce large crops. It matters not if it be red or gray, sandy or clay. So much of our land has been put in bad mechanical condition that but few farms will produce large crops. Hence the necessity of using commercial fertilizers. These contain phosphoric acid and potash readily soluble and available. They greatly increase the yields because of this fact. They feed the growing plant. The more vigorous the plant, the more they help—just as it pays to give extra food to a thriving pig or beef. So we see that even the helpfulness of fertilizers is dependent upon the mechanical texture of the soil. The farmer's constant study should be "How can I improve the mechanical condition of my soil?" Upon his intelligence in answering this question will depend largely his success as a farmer. Your bottom land is richer than your upland because its mechanical condition is better. Your garden is richer than your farm, because its mechanical condition is better. These are not new discoveries, but so few farmers are acting upon them that they need to be restated.

Where the farmers use two, four and six-horse plows, their soil is deep and fine and productive. Any soil may be made so by proper treatment. Your soil is largely a thing of your own making. The success or failure of your crops for the next year will depend very largely upon the condition of your soil when you begin to plant.—Jas. B. Haincutt, in Texas Farm and Ranch.

The Modern Hog.

The modern hog is a very numerous and popular animal on the farm. He is very different from his ancestors, who used to live three to six years, as a rule, if he could find acorns and beech nuts enough to fatten on. The modern hog's average life, of the commercial tribe, is six to eight months only, and the parts not preserved for food are made into glue, combs, brushes, buttons, fertilizers, the squeal alone being a waste product. Mr. Lovejoy, in Blooded Stock, characterizes the modern hog as follows:

"Hardly a day passes that we do not hear the remark: 'As dirty as a pig.' This I consider a villification of the animal which Franklin's colored servant said was 'the only gentleman in England,' from the fact that he was the only animal that did not work in that country. In that respect he much resembles the members of our legislatures. He calls to order and adjourns to eat and sleep. I believe that the hog is the most cleanly of our domestic animals, if

raised as it should be and given a chance to roam about and not be confined to very close quarters.

"It has been said that the 'American hog is a machine that oils himself, puts ten bushels of grain into less space than a bushel measure, and in so doing doubles its value; then carries it to the market on its back.' Corn loamed to a well-bred hog is money at big interest. It is like a mint, while the American staple, corn, is the bullion, which, put into the hog, is transmuted into coin. It is an honest mint, and gives 16 ounces avoirdupois of edible material. Properly bred, fed and intelligently handled, this automatic porker will pay off our debts, place a piano in the home, a surrty at the door for your self and family to ride to town in, educate your boys at the agricultural college and leave a balance in the bank for a rainy day."—Montana Farmer.

The Time for Thinking.

The best time for deep thinking is when other duties are not pressing. Long winter evenings have always been famous for developing mental processes and perfecting intellectual merchandise. It is a time when the host of experiences may be assembled in battle array and subjected to a rigid inspection, and each intangible individual questioned as to its right to exist as a factor in future operations; when contending theories may be culled, as a fancier culls his cockerels, the palpably worthless abandoned, the possibly worthy subjected to further experimentation and new and better ones initiated. In all undertakings there is a period for thought that necessarily precedes intelligent action. It is the initiatory process and indispensable. To begin action without mental preparation is like shingling a roof from the top downwards—leakage and labor lost will be the sure result. This is as true in agriculture as elsewhere. The farmer should read everything he can get hold of concerning his business. He should carefully sift the chaff from the sound grain. He should keep in touch with the experimental station work, in his state, at least, and let no valuable information pass him without taking toll of it.—Texas Farm and Rancher.

Macaroni Wheat in Texas.

The dissemination and growing of macaroni wheat through the Texas experiment station, promises some good results. A fair crop of this wheat was grown this year at San Antonio, on a farm where oats failed completely from drought. This wheat is grown successfully in Europe, where the rainfall is less than eighteen inches per annum, and without irrigation. The coming year about sixty Texas farmers in different sections of the state will test this wheat, and if it succeeds as the experts of the agricultural department and the Texas station hope, and expect, it will, there will soon be a demand for all the seed available.—Farm and Ranch.

HERE AND THERE.

A correspondent says the Elberta peach has been over-planted. Before agreeing to this proposition, we would better wait until the trees now planted come into bearing. If too many are produced for immediate consumption, why not can them?

Many farmers do not appreciate the value of good tools to work with. With manufacturers it is different. The intelligent maker of things knows that he can not compete in his business unless he has the very best tools to work with.

Shallow cultivation is best for the orchard, as well as the field. The feeding roots that forage in the surface soil should never be disturbed by the plow. The turning plow should be banished from the orchard after the trees are set.

There must be some profit in growing enclaves in south Texas, as the Corpus Christi Enclave says Mr. Henry Wagner, a cabbage grower near Nueces town, has just purchased an automobile.

It is not business-like for a farmer to set a price on any product unless he knows precisely what that product cost him. What if a merchant really, as they often claim to do, sell "regardless of cost"? Of course, an assignment would follow.

The average yield per acre of corn in this country for 1901 is the lowest on record—two bushels less than that of 1881—long the record-breaker for low average. The average this year is put at 16 bushels; the average for that for 1900 was 25 bushels.

There are many farmers who can not afford a complete outfit of labor-saving farm implements. In such cases they should combine and buy "company outfits," or individuals may be induced to invest in outfits, and do the work for the entire neighborhood for a reasonable compensation.

Farming in now a better business than it ever was, because farmers are better farmers than they ever were. Science has furnished the knowledge how, and art the means by which hard drudgery may be converted into healthful exercises and healthful exercise into pleasant recreation.

In 1900 Texas produced less corn than Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas and Indiana, and more than any other of the states. The farm value of Texas corn for 1900 is put at \$38,522,568.

In pruning the orchard and vineyard all the waste material should be piled and burned, and the shed leaves should go the same way, thus destroying many insects and fungus spores.

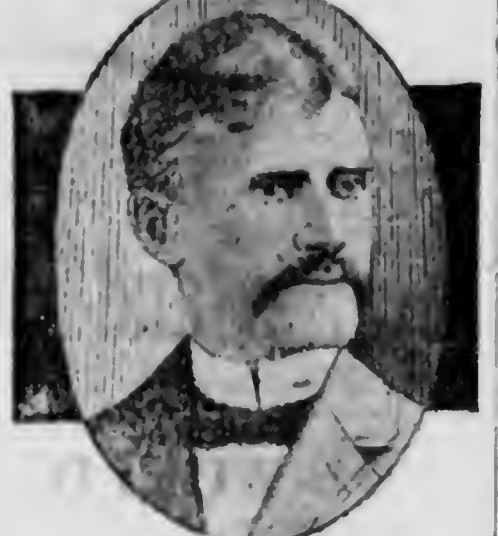
WORST OF TYRANTS.

Debt Ruins More Lives Than Any Other Bad Habit.

The Problem of Receipts and Expenditures is One in Which Every Man, Woman and Child is Interested.

[Special Washington Letter] "A" 11. Individuals should be book-keepers," says the secretary of the treasury. "The subjects of receipts and expenditures should be drilled into the minds of school children. The problem of how to live within a stated income should not be left to the solution of maturity or old age."

"The state should be thrifty. It should be understood that public



SENATOR DUHOIR.
(Idaho Statesman, Called "The Poor Man of the Senate.")

wealth can only flow from private prosperity. It is wicked for private individuals to waste their substance. It is criminal for a state to expend more than its income or promote wastefulness in official life. The manner of the living of public men receives more careful scrutiny by the plain people than they imagine. There flows forth therefore from the recklessness of the living of some public men not only the jealousies which engender crime, but habits of wastefulness among the people themselves."

The subject of conversation was the fact that so many rich men are seeking places in high official life, not for the purpose of earning their living thereby, but for the purpose of having exalted social position. Such men do not serve the people well, but use the offices for their own selfish ends. The conclusion reached was that the people should take more individual interest in political affairs than they do, and should see to it that rich men are not sent into high public places merely because they are rich; nor should rich men be debared from public service if the people understand that they have patriotic purposes. But the accumulation of rich men in a body at the national capital promotes an atmosphere of aristocracy which is inconsistent with the spirit of our government.

The problem of receipts and expenditures, which Secretary Gage says children should be taught to solve, has occupied the minds of many mature men and women, including Wilkins Micawber and all of his class. Few can easily learn that wealth consists of the savings rather than the earnings. The miracle of the doves and fishes was completed only when obedience was given to the command: "Gather up the fragments that remain, that nothing may be lost." The miracle taught not only a lesson of the divine power of the Theanthropos, but also inculcated a lesson of political economy. Nature knows no waste. She utilizes the smallest atoms. Man alone is wasteful. Even the beasts of the field are economical. The squirrels save and the bees busily store away food for the winter. Man alone does not seem disposed to look ahead "for a rainy day."

Grover Cleveland once said: "It is our neighbors who keep us poor, because we try to live as they live, instead of living as we ought to live, on our incomes." A similar lesson was inculcated by Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer, who said: "So apportion your wants that your means may exceed them. Every man who earns ten shillings a week can do this if he please, whatever he may say to the contrary; for, if he can live upon ten shillings a week, he can live upon nine and eleven pence. Poverty is relative and therefore not ignominious. Neediness is a positive degradation. If I have only £100 a year, I am rich as compared with the majority of my countrymen. If I have £5,000 a year, I may be poor as compared with the majority of my associates, and very poor as compared with my next-door neighbor. With £5,000 a year I may dread a ring at my door bell; I may have my tyrannical masters in servants whose wages I cannot pay; for the flesh that lies nearest my heart some Shylock may be dusting his scales and whetting his knife. Every man is needy who spends more than he has; no man is needy who spends less than he has."

"How to live on \$5,000 a year, as a member of congress, was a problem which kept me awake many a night," says Senator Dolliver, of Iowa. "Three years ago I moved into a small flat away out in the northwest part of the city, and clear outside of the social swirl, and since that move was made I have always had a little money in my pocket for car fare at least. Previous to that time it was hard times all the time. In my home town, or in any other town in Iowa, \$5,000 a year would be a splendid income, because the cost of living on a par with the neighbors is so much less."

"I learned that lesson from Senator Dolliver last spring," says Senator

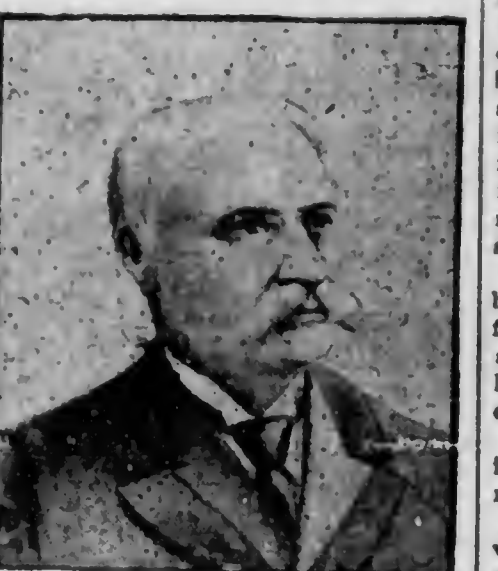
Duhoir, of Idaho, "and I have taken a little flat on East Capitol street, about four blocks away from the capitol. You see, my wife did not want me to come back to the senate; but I told her I must go either to the senate or the poor house, and so she let me come to the senate. Now, with \$5,000 a year, and living in a small flat, we can get along and probably get a little bit ahead. You must know that when a senator takes a flat, that fact is recognized by all society as notification that the senator is too poor to give entertainments and squander fortunes in flowers and wines. I am one of the poor men in the senate, and shall live as a poor man should."

"From Senator Plumb I learned that lesson of economy, long before I expected to come to the senate," says Senator Burton, of Kansas. "I have taken a flat near the Shortham, where I am within a minute's walk of all street car lines. There is no elevator in the house, and I am on the third floor. Nobody will climb those stairs except those who are anxious to see me, and whom I will be glad to welcome. The general public will understand without any word from me that there will be no entertainments or banquets in that flat. The people who live for that sort of thing are not in the habit of climbing stairs. I hope to be able to live within my salary, but it will be a daily study of economy for me to do so."

One of the popular fallacies throughout the country is the idea that only rich men come to the senate. The three mentioned above are all poor men; and there are others. Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, is a poor man and lives economically now, as he did when he was a member of the house of representatives.

Senators Allison and Dolliver, of Iowa; Cullom and Mason, of Illinois; the senators from North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho and all of the states south of Mason and Dixon's line are without wealth. It will thus be seen that the body which has been sneeringly alluded to as "the millionaire club" is not composed of very rich men. On the contrary, a large majority of the senators must be classed with the poor in this world's goods.

Whether the people should send rich men to the senate can be determined only by the legislatures of the several states. But they should bear in mind the fact that acquired wealth does not reduce a man's usefulness; whereas inherited wealth frequently produces love of ease and effeminacy. There are several rich men in the senate; but each one of them has acquired his wealth by his own efforts, and they are all useful senators. For example, there is Senator Elkins, of West Virginia. He is a man of wonderful energy and force, always busy, and always doing his people some good. There is Senator Hanna, of Ohio, a man of acquired wealth, who is always doing things for his people, a man of tireless energy, unpretentious and plain. Senator Dewey, of New York, attained the senate because of his capabilities as a working man; and he is still busy. Senator McMillan, of



SENATOR ALDRICH.
(Rhode Island Statesman, One of the Rich Men of the Senate.)

Michigan, although a millionaire, is one of the hardest workers in public life. Senator Clark, of Montana, probably the richest man in the world, acquired all of his millions by industry. He never uses tobacco or alcohol in any form, is always sober, and always busy. These are the only conspicuous rich men in the senate, and every one of them is a credit to that body, a credit to his state and a credit to the republic.

Senator McMillan once told the narrator how he acquired the splendid mansion which is his home at Detroit. He said that as soon as he was married he undertook to buy a small house on the installment plan. By rigid economy, by denying himself all luxuries, and some necessities, he managed to pay for the house. Then he began to buy the adjoining house in the row. When that was paid for, his income was much larger, so he bought every house in the row, one at a time. When they were all paid for, he was a mature man, with a family in need of more room; so he tore down the row and built his palace where he began as a young man in poverty.

Every successful man has had similar experience. Economy is in itself a great revenue. As it is practiced in the national capital by senators, it is also practiced by representatives. Their mode of living, within their incomes, should be a lesson, an inspiration, to young men and women everywhere. They should avoid debt. The creditor is a dangerous acquaintance. He follows at the debtor's heels, dogs him in his last moments, and stops only at the graveyard gate. The children of economical, thrifty people learn their bookkeeping lessons of receipts and expenditures every day. They are thus educated and graduated into good wives and husbands for the coming generation. SMITH D. FRY.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

Peru has a coast line of 1,660 miles. The present population of Holland exceeds 5,100,000.

The present population of Ecuador is about 1,300,000, including Indians. Successful experiments in raising tea have in recent years been made on the Caucasian coast of the Black sea.

Fashionable Moscow lap dogs are now hand-painted in decorative designs, according to the St. Petersburg Novoe Vremya.

A British cruiser, the Pandora, was prevented from sailing from Portsmouth on time recently, because her condensers were clogged with eels.

Thomas Atkinson, who helped Stephenson build the Rocket, has been 70 years in a trades union and heads the membership list of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers. He is 90 years of age and has drawn benefit money from the union for 27 years.

Prussia on December 1, 1900, according to the official census figures, had 34,472,600 inhabitants, of whom 16,971,423 were males and 17,501,084 females. The kingdom contained 21,617,577 Protestants, 12,113,670 Catholics (including Greek Orthodox), 139,127 members of other Christian sects, and 392,322 Jews.

A BIG HOTEL BILL.

One Bridegroom Who Thought Expenses of Married Life Were Too Heavy.

Matrimony sometimes comes high, but that puts no lie with the man who once gets the marriage microbe, as big as a river shrimp, in his veins. And the older the victim is when the disease fastens its fangs in his system the less he cares for expenses, and he will spend his last dollar as if it were a withered leaf and he owned whole forests of fall frost-touched trees.

Every one knows this peculiar weakness of the newly-married man, and he is looked upon as easy money. To get his bank roll is like taking candy from a baby. The chances are a thousand to one that he has bragged to the girl about the big salary he is earning until he believes it himself and starts out to make Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt look like a 30-cent-a-day clerk, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

But about the worst proposition one of them ever ran up against happened in New Orleans a day or two ago. He finally succeeded in winning a charming woman for his wife, and, after spending a few days at Bay St. Louis, returned to this city and "put up" at one of the leading hotels. He and the proprietor were well known to each other, and as the landlord knew that nothing was too good for his friend the best in the house was placed at his disposal.

The couple remained at the hotel two days, and then the bridegroom called for his bill. When he saw it his young wife came near being a widow.

The bill was for the modest sum of \$10,000, and bore the businesslike inscription: "Please settle." Making an excuse to get away from the desk, the benighted hastily sought a friend and asked his advice. "Send your check for the amount," was the advice he received. Thinking that any fool friend could have given that kind of advice, the man went away back and sat down to think the matter over.

Finally it dawned upon him that the bill was a hoax, and, taking his friend's advice, he wrote a check on an imaginary bank and sent it to the landlord, who then sent him the receipted bill.

The whole transaction was like buying a gold brick with counterfeit money.

But the man nearly dropped dead when he first got the bill, and now he says that the next bridal trip he takes he will either make a written contract with all hotel men or take out an accident insurance policy that covers death by heart disease.

Education in Cuba.

Some idea of the important educational reforms brought about and the wonderful progress made since the island came under American rule, can be obtained from their exhibit at the Pan-American exposition recently, for which they were awarded nine medals. There is also a wonderful record book of Horstetter's Stomach Bitters, and one that has never been equalled. It is a specific remedy for dyspepsia, indigestion, headache and malaria, fever and ague. Don't fail to try it.

A NOTED PHYSICIAN

Makes an Important Statement of Interest to All Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The honest, intelligent physician is above the 'School.' Whatever is best in each case should be used, no matter to what school a physician belongs. I, as a matter of conscience, can only pre-

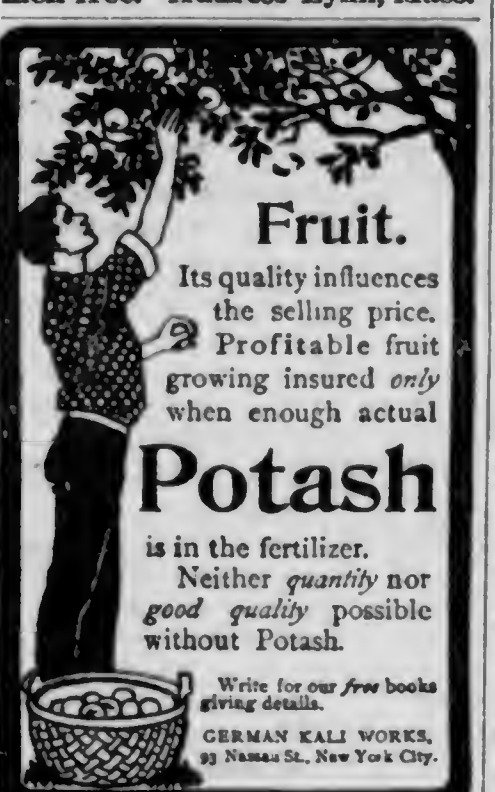


DR. WANKATA, of Lansing, Mich.

scribe the best, and as I know and have proven that there is nothing in Materia Medica which equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female disorders, I unhesitatingly prescribe it, and have never yet been sorry. I know of nothing better for ovarian troubles and for falling of the womb or ulcerations; it absolutely restores the affected parts to their normal condition quicker and better than anything else. I have known it to cure barrenness in women, who to-day are happy mothers of children, and while the medical profession looks down upon 'patents,' I have learned, instead, to look up to the healing potion, by whatever name it be known. If my fellow physicians dared tell the truth, hundreds of them would voice my sentiments."—DR. WANKATA, Lansing, Mich.

\$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine. The record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cannot be equalled. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address Lynn, Mass.



Write for our free book giving details.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 23 Nassau St., New York City.

We discover that almost anybody thinks he could run a hotel.—Washington (la.) Democrat.

She Breaks It.

Freeman—They say that Ketchum has an iron will.

Mohrman—Then his wife must be a blacksmith.—Puck.

The lightning calculator is merely a figure-head.—Chicago Daily News.

There is no cement that will repair broken promises.—Chicago Daily News.

Appropriate.

A Sunday school teacher in Carthage, Ill., has a class of little girls, and it is his custom to tell them each Sunday of one little incident that has happened in the week, and request the children to quote a verse of Scripture to illustrate the story. In this way she hopes to impress the usefulness of Biblical knowledge upon the little ones. One Sunday she told her class of a cruel boy who would catch cats and set off their tails. "Now, can any little girl tell me of an appropriate verse?" she asked.

There was a pause for a few moments, when one of the little girls arose and in a solemn voice said: "Whosoever God has joined together let no man put asunder."—Detroit Free Press.

The Peruna Almanac.

The druggists have already been supplied with Peruna almanacs. There is sure to be a great demand for these almanacs on account of the articles on astrology which they contain. The subject of astrology is a very attractive one to most people. The articles on astrology in the Peruna almanac have been furnished by a very competent astrologist, and the mental characteristics of each sign is given, constituting almost a complete horoscope. A list of lucky and unlucky days for each month are given. There will be a great rush for these books. Ask your druggist for one early before they are all gone.

Opportunities Wasted.

She was entertaining the assembled company with an account of their first quarrel some hour, after making it up with one another, her husband had planted a tree in remembrance of it.

"If we had only done that," whispered the minister's wife to her husband, "what a splendid avenue we might have had!"—Bible Stories.

Force of Habit.

He had worked for many years in a dry goods store, but fate placed him behind the counter in a coal office, and that was the cause of his undoing. A lady entered the coal office one day and said she needed two tons of coal at once.

"All right," said the clerk, tipping the ashes from a cigarette in a dreamy fashion; "will you take it with you or have it sent, madam?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headaches to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy, natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Sure Sign of a Small Man.

"I can always tell a man who thinks he's great," said a commercial traveler, facetiously, "by the way he speaks of other great men. For instance, when he alludes to the president as 'Teddy,' to Chief Justice Fuller as 'Mel' Fuller or to Senator Cullom as 'Shelly,' I know he must be something of a person, at least in his own estimation. Such fellows, I imagine, had they lived in Egypt at the time of the exodus, would have spoken of 'Mose' and 'Josh' as familiarly as if they were everyday companions."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Just Like Her.

Mrs. Bombazine—O, I never have any trouble in spelling correctly; but I'll admit that I make a mistake now and then through carelessness.

Mrs. Blunt—Yes; I remember the funny mistake you made in asking for a berth in the sleeping car.

"How did I spell it? 'Berth'?"—Boston Transcript.

His Preference.

Head of Foreign Missionary Bureau—Where would you prefer to locate as a missionary?

Young Missionary—Well, if possible, where the natives are vegetarians.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Unavoidable Delay.

"What made you so late?"

"I came up in my automobile, and passed here three times before I could manage to stop."—Smart Set.

"Dear Old Luanon!"

"I wonder why Cholly remains in the Turkish bath for such a length of time?"

"Oh he says that the steam reminds him of a London fog."—Chicago Daily News.

Real Pleasure.

Her Father—Aha! I caught you kissing my daughter, sir! What do you mean by that sort of business?

He—I don't consider it business at all, sir, but pleasure, merely pleasure.—Philadelphia Press.

Its Name.

"Miss Frocks has bought a birdless hat," said Mrs. Cumso.

"It might be called an Audubonnet, might it not?" asked Mrs. Cawker.—Judge.

Somehow the voice of the people doesn't always sound like what it is said to be.—Puck.

Coach a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not play off-side.—Wrinkle.

At times all of us insist on being miserable.—Athenian Globe.

HERE THIS IS IT

KNOWN BY THE SIGN



ST. JACOBS OIL

Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Soreness, Stiffness.

CONQUERS PAIN



PRICE, 25 c.



READY ROOFING

Anybody with a hammer CAN PUT IT ON.

Two-ply complete, 100 square feet, \$1.75

Three-ply 100 2.00

HARTHOLMEYER ROOFING COMPANY

100 Second Street, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

PILES

Give instant relief and positive cure for PILES.

For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup. Use in time. Hold by fire. No. 1.

A. N. K.-F 1899

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. A. GREEN'S SOFT, Box 23, ATLANTA, GA.

Why Syrup of Figs is the best family laxative

It is pure.
It is gentle.
It is pleasant.
It is efficacious.
It is not expensive.
It is good for children.
It is excellent for ladies.
It is convenient for business men.
It is perfectly safe under all circumstances.
It is used by millions of families the world over.
It stands highest, as a laxative, with physicians.
If you use it you have the best laxative the world produces.

Because

Its component parts are all wholesome. It acts gently without unpleasant after-effects. It is wholly free from objectionable substances.

It contains the laxative principles of plants. It contains the carminative principles of plants. It contains wholesome aromatic liquids which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste.

All are pure. All are delicately blended. All are skillfully and scientifically compounded.

Its value is due to our method of manufacture and to the originality and simplicity of the combination.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine.

Manufactured by

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal. Louisville, Ky. New York, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

Vaccination and Or the Matters.

EDITOR PRESS: In the year 1874 a smallpox epidemic destroyed 143,000 people in Germany. In 1874 a compulsory vaccination law was enacted. This required and enforced the vaccination of every child during the first year of its life and again at the age of ten. Today the annual death rate from smallpox in the whole empire is 116, and these cases all occur along the frontier where unvaccinated people come in from other countries.

Since January 1st, 1901, nearly one million residents of Philadelphia have been vaccinated and not a single bad result reported. During the same time there have been 655 cases of smallpox with but 47 deaths in the city.

Of 800 cases treated in one hospital in the last two years not one had been recently vaccinated. Nearly every case in this epidemic has been unvaccinated. Most vaccinated persons have escaped entirely; some have had mild varioloid.

Since Nov. 25th, 1901, the physicians of Marion have vaccinated 700 persons without a bad result. Of twenty vaccinated persons shut in with typical cases, nineteen have escaped.

The only means of checking smallpox is universal vaccination. Just as long as there are unvaccinated people there will be smallpox. If everybody in Marion was vaccinated we should soon be rid of the disease and in no danger of a recurrence for several years.

None can long escape the disease. It is only a question as to which you will take, vaccination or smallpox.

The idea that your "blood is bad" or anything else that makes it inadvisable for you to be vaccinated is a very great mistake. There is no condition or disease that makes vaccination hazardous. Many diseases, both local and systematic, especially diseases of the skin and mucous membranes, are benefited by it.

Smallpox is on the increase except in towns and cities where compulsory vaccination is systematically pushed. The disease is becoming more malignant and the death rate is increasing. It is spreading to the remotest districts all over the nation.

I have the best authority for the above statements and can prove each one.

Much more might be said in favor of vaccination but it seems unnecessary. Vaccinate, friends, vaccinate. If you refuse and die of smallpox, you will have committed suicide; if you refuse to have your family vaccinated and one of them dies of smallpox you have yourself to blame.

Vaccination has saved more lives and prevented more suffering and maiming than anything ever invented or discovered by man, yet poor Jenner was persecuted, hooted, and even stoned in the street and denounced from the pulpit as being in league with the devil. He was hounded to the grave for giving this great boon to the world.

In old times great cities could not long survive. They were wiped out by the pestilence. No great enterprise could flourish many years. But for the labors and self-sacrifice of the doctor there would not today be a city of any importance or a great enterprise in existence. His work has made every other great work possible. His highest aim is to prevent disease and, as far as possible, destroy his own occupation. His life is spent in helping those in distress, lifting the falling, cheering the dying, comforting the bereaved, soothing the anguish of body and mind. He does more charity, more unrequited labor than any other class of men on earth. He is never so happy as when he can feel that he has been able to relieve some poor sufferer. His life is often one weary round of toil and self-denial till death relieves him and he is laid in a soon forgotten grave.

Not many months ago a European physician procured virus of the deadly bubonic plague and shut himself up in a lonely house with an improvised laboratory to study the disease and, if possible, find a cure. A few weeks later the door was found securely locked, and barred inside, and the following posted in a window:

"I am dying of plague. Don't come near. When I am dead burn the house."

Did ever a braver soldier die in a nobler cause? Yet not one person in a million ever heard of it. The papers never mentioned it. His name is forgotten.

Every other advancement meets with hearty approval and cooperation, but the doctor meets opposition at every step of his progress. He is opposed by the anti-vaccinationists, anti-rivisectionists, and anti everything else.

No physician stops at this, however. In a manner utterly incomprehensible to the commercial mind he plods on, putting obstacles in his own path, waging war of extermination on his allies, destroying his own avenues of wealth in order that his non-medical fellow man may have more comfort and happiness. Our calling is distinctly not commercial, and there is none more Christ-like than that of the true physician; yet not one member of the medical profession was deemed worthy of a place in the Hall of Fame.

W. J. J. Paris.

A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

"I was troubled about seven years with my stomach and in bed half my time," says E. Demick, Sommerville, Ind., "I spent about one thousand dollars and never could get anything to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." You don't live by what you eat, but what you digest and assimilate. If your stomach doesn't digest your food you are really starving. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does the stomach's work by digesting the food. You don't have to diet. Eat all you want to and Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will cure all stomach troubles. For sale at Haynes' drug store.

CARRSVILLE.

Rev. J. B. Lowery was in town Saturday.

Professor Bruce Babb is sick at his father's.

Dr. Worten came in from Nashville to spend Christmas.

Prof. H. K. Kagsdale spent the holidays with his brother in Paducah.

Thurston Everston is erecting a residence in town.

R. F. Babb will begin the erection of a residence here as soon as he closes his school at Lola.

A number of cattle have died in this vicinity recently. Some think it is bad corn.

W. F. Brewer and Miss Bessie Smith returned from Warren county last week. Each of them taught a successful school in that county.

Pointed Paragraphs.

The way to destroy courage is to pluck it up.

Words may shake a man's convictions but seldom shatter them.

If troubled with a weak digestion, or belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cts. Samples free at Haynes' drug store.

Speaking of bargains, good resolutions will soon be marked down.

Wit is the wine of intellect—an ill nature turns it to vinegar.

Even when a girl has money in her own name she is anxious to change it.

The world always has time to listen to the man who has something to say.

Girls, if you are afraid to spend an evening alone occasionally never get married.

Beat Out of Increase of Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48 I contracted Mexican diarrhea, and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for Diarrhea, and is pleasant and safe to take. [At Haynes']

Important Discovery.

SALEM, KY., Jan. 3, 1902.

EDITOR PRESS: By experiment I have found a remedy for smut colic in cattle, caused from feeding on corn stalks.

I found one of mine down and not able to get up, was swollen a great deal and having convulsions. I stuck my knife in her left flank and let the gas out, then gave eleven raw eggs, beaten well. I then bled her in the neck like bleeding a horse; the blood was very thick and black. I had to slacken the cord several times on account of the convulsions. I then gave 12 more eggs with half a pint of castor oil. I gave all treatment with her on the ground. She never flinched from it. On examining those that died I found the stomachs coated with the smut, and mucus all dried up.

The white of eggs starts action. The second day gave a good drench of Pratts food. I would not advise the use of a knife unless they were badly swollen, but give the eggs as soon as they get sick.

I would give the horse the same treatment, except the use of the knife; bleed freely.

Respectfully,

J. R. Farris.

Obituary.

Little Ollie Beavers, daughter of J. H. and Ollie Beavers, died Nov. 24, 1901.

This little one never learned the kind touch of a mother's hand for she died when the child was only 11 days old. But never was a motherless babe more fortunate than she. At the death of her mother she was taken and cared for by her aunt, Mrs. Annie Stephenson, who gave her, if possible, more than a mother's care through the brief journey of her life of twenty-three months. Her devotion to the child gave an inspiration to all the surrounding neighborhood, until little Ollie became the pet of the whole community.

Words of the sweetest comfort were spoken at the funeral by Bro. D. E. Bentley, after which we laid her away by the side of her sainted mother in Caldwell Springs cemetery to await the call of the resurrection. H. S. J.

Cut this out and take it to Haynes' drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

Help... Nature

Babies and children need proper food, rarely ever medicine. If they do not thrive on their food something is wrong. They need a little help to get their digestive machinery working properly.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

will generally correct this difficulty.

If you will put from one-fourth to half a teaspoonful in baby's bottle three or four times a day you will soon see a marked improvement. For larger children, from half to a teaspoonful, according to age, dissolved in their milk, if you so desire, will very soon show its great nourishing power. If the mother's milk does not nourish the baby, she needs the emulsion. It will show an effect at once both upon mother and child.

Sole and \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Coughing

"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.

It's too risky, playing with your cough.

The first thing you know it will be down deep in your lungs and the play will be over. Begin early with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop the cough.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. It's known. Leave it with him. We are willing. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Wm Harrigan

(Successor to J. H. Orme)

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Fine Wines and Whiskies

Sole Agent for the Celebrated I. W. Harper and Old Hickory Whiskies.

Special Attention to Mail Orders.

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Finest and Best \$1.00 a Day House in Kentucky.

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Secure a Remunerative Investment at a Moderate Cost

20-Year 5 per ct. Gold Debenture Bonds.

Sold in Lots of From \$1,000 to \$200,000.

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Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

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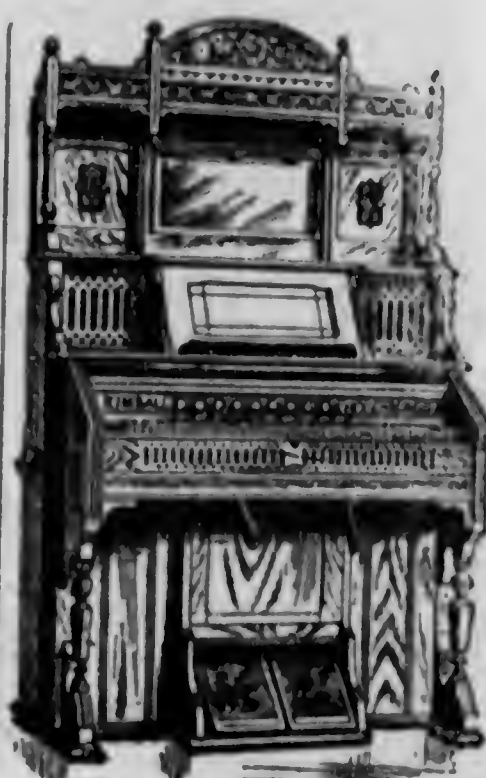


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Kimball Pianos and Kimball Organs are sold on easy monthly payments.

Call on A. J. Chittenden at R. C. Haynes' Grocery, now located at Pierce's Hardware, for terms and prices.



W. W. KIMBALL CO., Evansville, Ind
A. J. CHITTENDEN Local Agent Marion Ky

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF

DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to slug, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely. I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours, F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal cost. INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

R. J. MORRIS

Dentist,

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MARION, KY

RICH, RED BLOOD.

Moreley's Sarsaparilla and Iron not only purifies the blood, but makes new, rich, red blood. If you have skin eruptions, boils, abscesses, rheumatism or scrofula, or if you have a run-down, tired out feeling, try this remedy and note the prompt results. At H. K. Woods & Co's.

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